

Aquidneck Island Watershed Plan

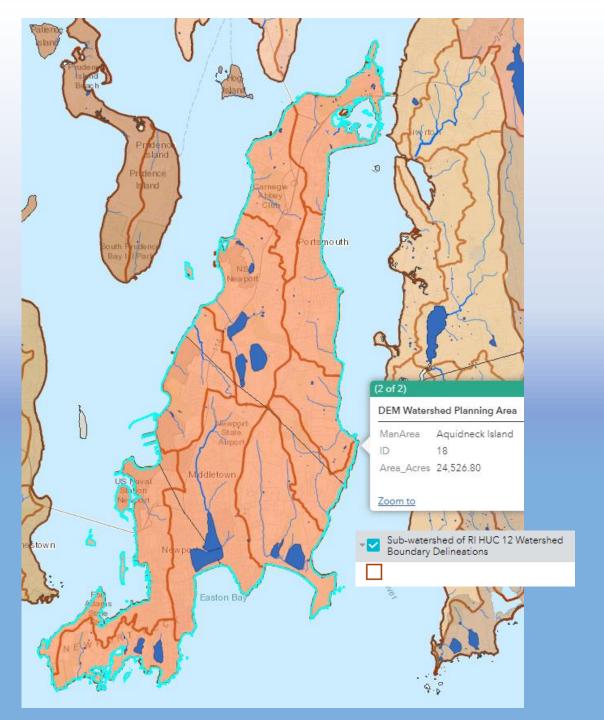
For the Protection and Restoration of

Clean Water and Healthy Aquatic Habitats

Jennifer Paquet, Senior Environmental Planner Nonpoint Source Pollution Management Program RIDEM Office of Water Resources



March, 2021



Aquidneck Island 'Watershed'

Island made of small watersheds

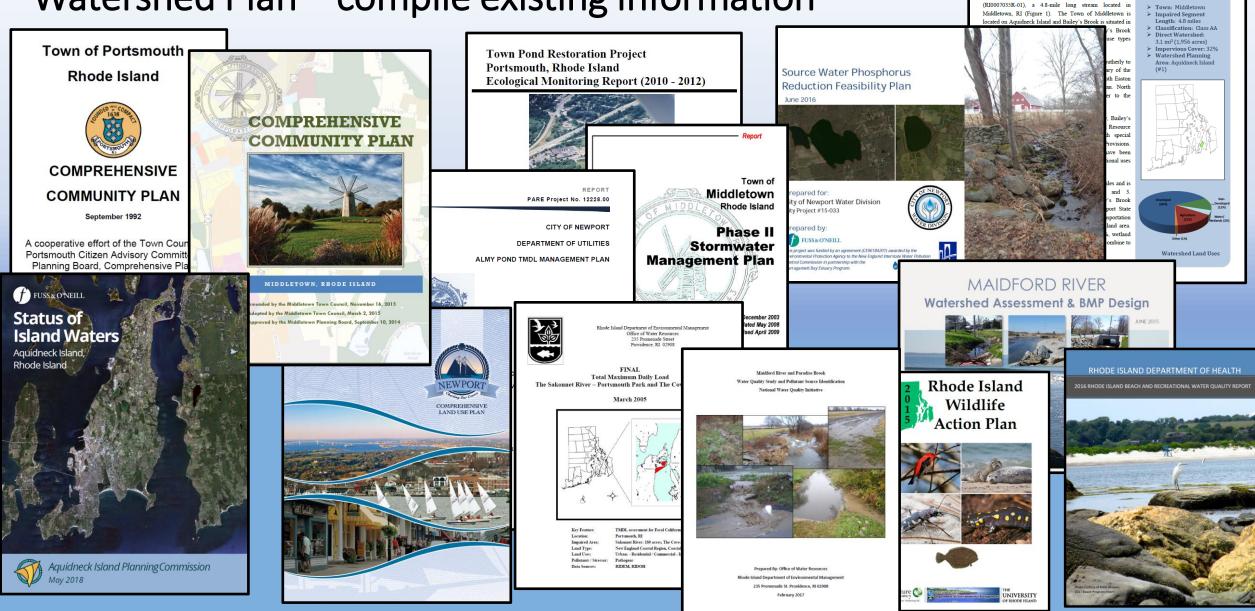
About Watershed Planning in RI

- Watershed Planning is a framework that recognizes the watershed as the appropriate unit for managing our water resources
- Management Principle supported in
 - Land Use 2025
 - Water Quality 2035
- 27 Planning Areas prioritized for plan development
- Required for Federal 319 grants
- Holistic approach
- It is a resource





Examples of what goes into the Aquidneck Island Watershed Plan – compile existing information



Bailey's Brook

This TMDL applies to the Bailey's Brook assessment unit

(RI0007035R-01)

Aquidneck Island Water Resources

Reservoirs, Ponds, and Streams:

- Melville Ponds
- Founder's Brook
- Lawton Valley Reservoir
- Sisson and Saint Mary's Ponds
- Bailey's Brook
- North and South Easton Ponds
- Lily and Almy Ponds
- Little Creek
- Maidford River
- Paradise Brook
- Nelson and Gardiner Ponds

Coastal/Estuarine:

- Mount Hope Bay
- Portsmouth Cove
- Sakonnet River
- East Passage
- Newport Harbor/ Coddington Cove
- Coastal shoreline- Easton Bay, etc.

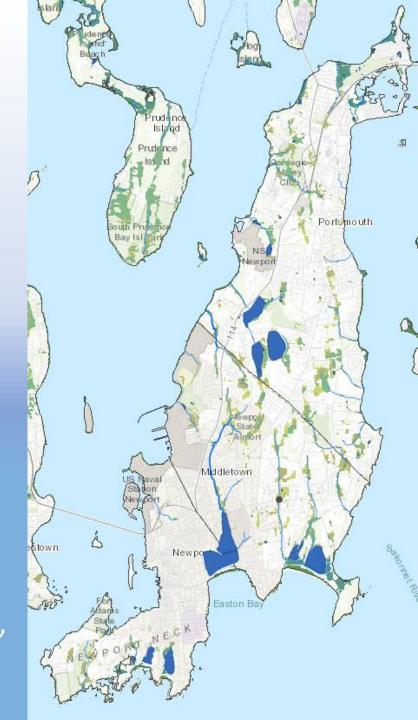
Groundwater:

Private and public wells

Wetlands: Freshwater and Coastal

• Essential Services: water quality, flood control, habitat, more...

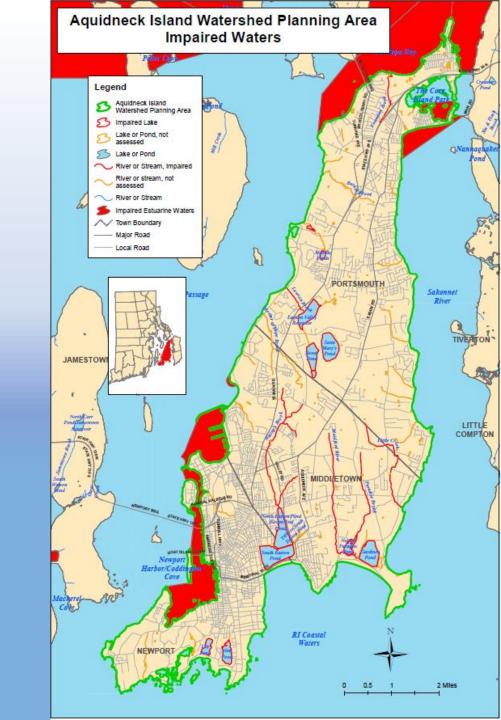
Drinking, Irrigation, Swimming, Boating, Fish & Wildlife Habitat, Fishing, Shellfish, Scenic, Picnicking, Historic and Cultural, etc.



Impaired Waterbodies Map

Waterbodies with pollutants causing one or more impaired use in red

Waterbodies not assessed in orange



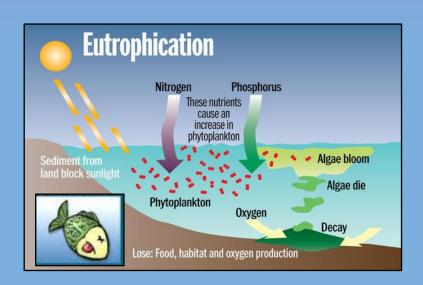
Some Conditions on the Island

All Drinking Water Reservoirs

- Excess nutrients (tributaries, too)
- Organic carbon (reacts w/disinfectant, creating harmful byproduct- needs extra treatment)
- Cyanobacteria Advisories

Melville Ponds- Portsmouth Lily and Almy Ponds- Newport

- Excess phosphorus
- Cyanobacteria Advisories





Mt. Hope Bay, Portsmouth Cove, and Sakonnet River at Island Park

- Wastewater /bacteria
- Closed to shellfishing



Can't eat from here



Turbidity (particles) Impairments

- Maidford River
- Paradise Brook

Also, a lot of missing stream buffers and hydromodification

Bacteria Impairments

- Portsmouth
 - Founders Brook
 - Little Creek
- Middletown
 - Maidford River
 - Paradise Brook
 - Bailey's Brook
- Newport
 - Lily Pond
 - Newport Harbor/ Coddington Cove



Beaches- frequent closures due to bacteria

- Easton's Beach and Atlantic Beach Club
- Third Beach and Peabody's Beach
- Fort Adams and Kings Park beaches

Impaired Freshwater Waterbodies

Waterbody (Drinking Water Watersheds)	Impaired for Use(s) of:	Due to:	Schedule for Restoration Plan (aka 'TMDL')
All 7 drinking water reservoirs	Public Drinking WaterFish and Wildlife Habitat	Total Organic CarbonPhosphorusFlow regime modification	20202020(not required)
Maidford RiverParadise BrookBailey's Brook	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation	Fecal Coliform or Enterococcus (bacteria species used as indicator for risk of pathogens that make people sick)	201120112011
Maidford River	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	PhosphorusTurbidityLeadBiological indicators*	2023 2023 2026 2026
Paradise Brook	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	PhosphorusTurbidity	2023 2023
Bailey's Brook & Tributaries	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	PhosphorusLead	2023 2026

Impaired Freshwater Waterbodies, cont.

Waterbody	Impaired for Use(s) of:	Due to:	Schedule for Restoration Plan (aka 'TMDL')
Lawton Brook	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	Biological indicators*	2026
Melville Ponds	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	Phosphorus	2022
Founder's Brook	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation	Enterococcus (indicator bacteria)	2030
Little Creek	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation	Enterococcus (indicator bacteria)	2030
Lily Pond	Fish and Wildlife HabitatPrimary andSecondary Contact Recreation	PhosphorusEnterococcus (indicator bacteria)	20232023
Almy Pond	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	 Phosphorus 	2007

^{*}Benthic macro-invertebrate bioassessmentsbiological indicator of ecological conditions

Impaired Coastal Waters

Waterbody	Impaired for Use(s) of:	Due to:	Schedule for Restoration Plan (aka 'TMDL')
 Portsmouth Cove/ Island Park/Sakonnet River 	Shellfish consumption	Fecal coliform	2005
Mt. Hope BayEast of CFP, Class SB	 Fish & Wildlife Habitat Primary & 2ndary Contact Recreation 	Nitrogen + Dissolved O2 Fecal coliform	2024 2010
West of CFP, Class SA	 Shellfish consumption 	Fecal coliform	2010
Newport Harbor/ Coddington Cove	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation	Enterococcus	2035 (or combined sewer overflow abatement)
 East Passage (McAlister Pt.) Shellfish consumption Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation 		Sediment bioassays (contamination, remedial action complete, long-term monitoring required)	2028
Newport Harbor/ Coddington Cove	Fish and Wildlife Habitat	Sediment Bioassays	2028

Waters with Data Supporting Designated Uses

Waterbody	Meets Quality for Use(s) of:
Mt. Hope Bay (west of Common Fence Point)	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation
East Passage	 Fish and Wildlife Habitat Shellfish consumption* Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation
Newport Harbor (west of Goat Island)	Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation
South Coastal Shoreline (entire south coast of Island)	 Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation Shellfish Consumption**
Almy Pond	 Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation

Waterbody	Meets Quality for Use(s) of:
Portsmouth Cove (north half)	Primary and Secondary Contact RecreationShellfish Consumption
Portsmouth Cove (south half)/Sakonnet River at Island Park	 Primary and Secondary Contact Recreation
Most of Sakonnet River	Primary and Secondary Contact RecreationShellfish Consumption

*in those areas designated for the use of shellfishing, some areas are not designed for this use (classified SB), or are otherwise prohibited.

**shellfishing also prohibited in Goose Neck Cove, Easton Bay, and other areas. Always check with DEM 24-hour shellfish hotline (401-222-2900).

 Improve water quality for drinking water and for fish and wildlife habitat in all of the drinking water reservoirs on the Island (and their tributaries) which are impaired by excess nutrients

 Improve coastal water quality for swimming at areas frequently closed due to bacteria after storm events

 Eliminate the public health threat of contamination from untreated wastewater to shellfishing areas, which has caused permanent closures of this resource around Portsmouth

 Improve water quality for fish and wildlife habitat in the nondrinking water freshwater ponds, which are impaired by excess phosphorus

 Protect and restore freshwater wetlands, streams, and their buffers and floodplains for fish and wildlife habitat and drinking water quality, and as a resiliency strategy for riverine flooding and climate change impacts

 Protect and restore coastal wetlands and marsh migration areas for fish and wildlife habitat and as a resiliency strategy for coastal flooding, sea level rise, and climate change

- Others?
- Do you agree or disagree with those proposed goals, or have any ideas to share?

Next Steps:

- Talk with key stakeholders
- Compile recommendations- and fill in any gaps
- Finish drafting the plan
- Submit to EPA by the end of this year

Thank you!

Jennifer Paquet, MCP
Senior Environmental Planner
NPS Program, Office of Water Resources
RI Department of Environmental Management
(401) 222-4700 x 77263 (voice messages)
Jenny.paquet@dem.ri.gov