



# Hard Clam Response to a Warming Environment: a Mesocosm Experiment.

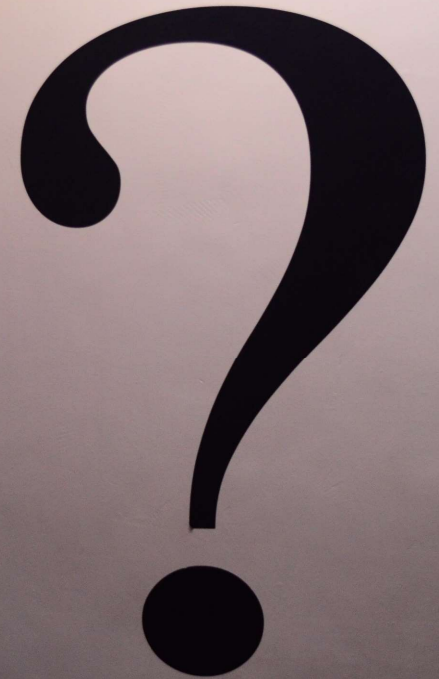
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# Objectives

Investigate the impact of the winter-spring phytoplankton bloom on the hard clam

Investigate the impact of sediment on the hard clam

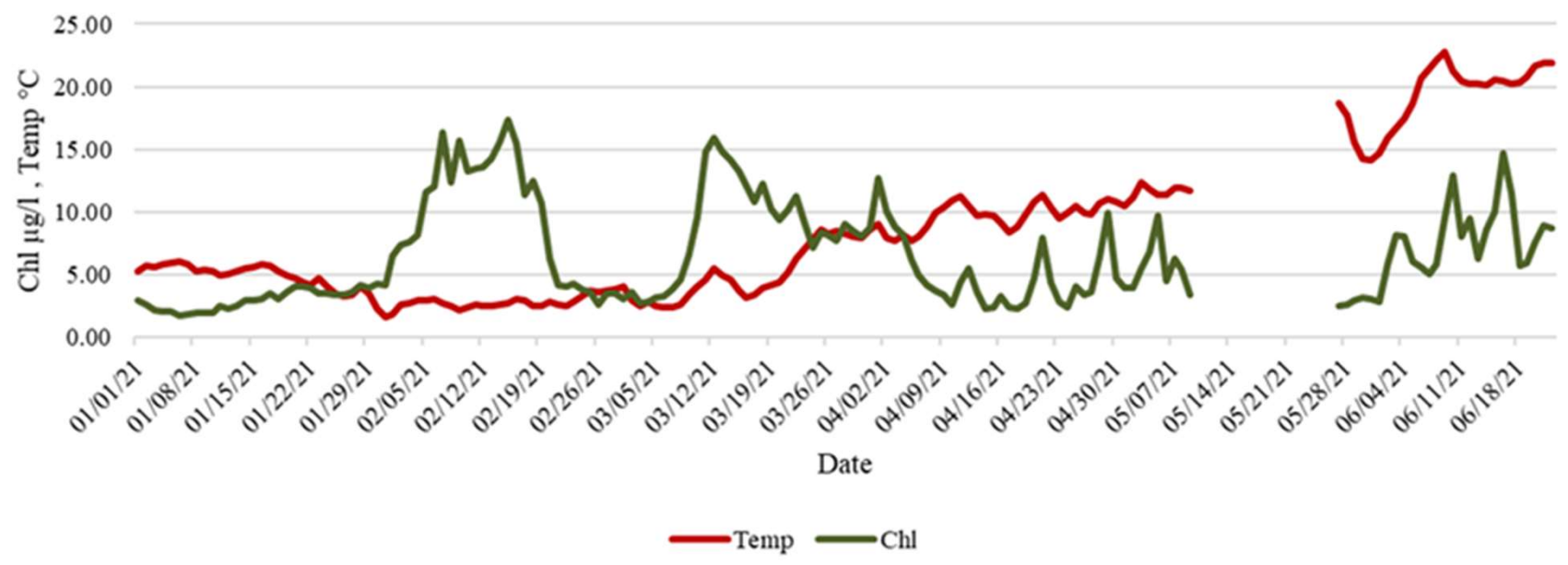


# Hypothesis & Rationale

Weakening/loss  
of the winter-spring bloom will  
result in diminished  
**recruitment, condition, growth**  
of the hard clam

- Winter spring bloom  
food store benthic community
- Bay to warm 3-6°C by 2100
- Food & temperature primary  
factors

2021 Daily Averages  
Conimicut Point (Upperbay Buoy #13)

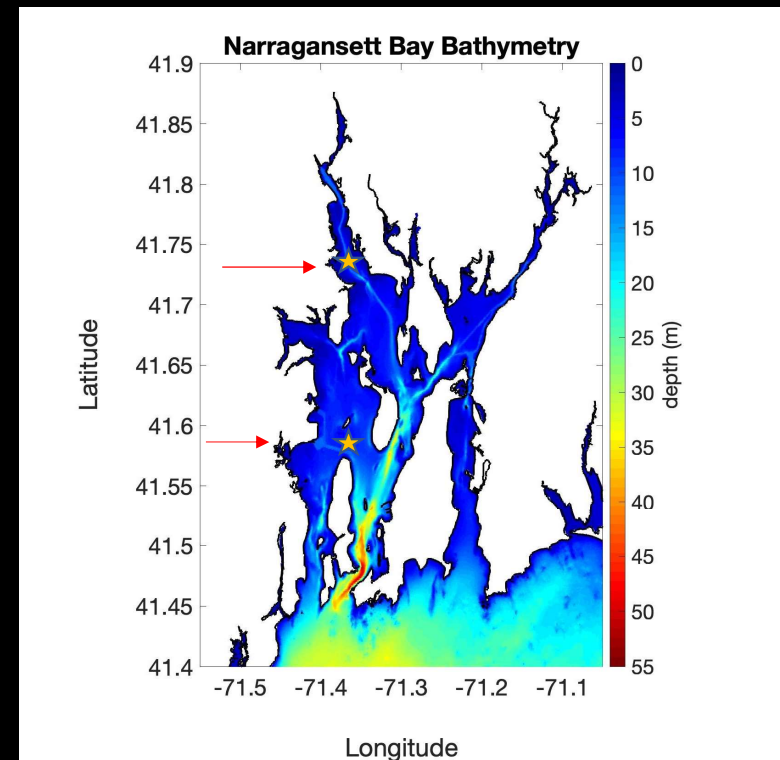


# Winter Spring Bloom and Temperature



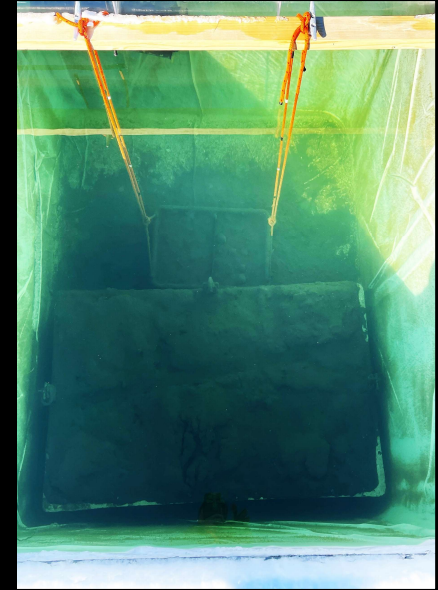
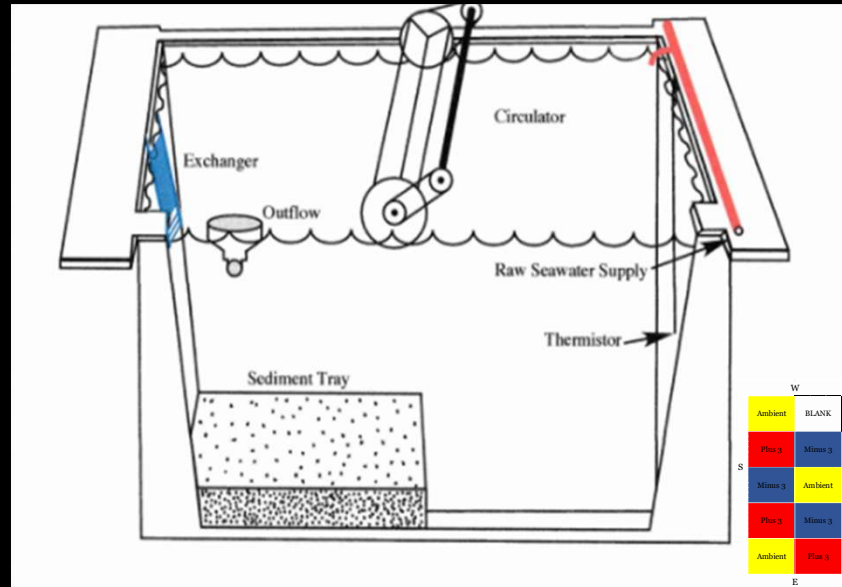
# Sediment Selection

- Two sites,
  - “H” Polluted vs pristine sediment
  - Are legacy contaminants a factor?
- 2021 – PRE (Conimicut pt.)
- 2022 – MB (Jamestown)

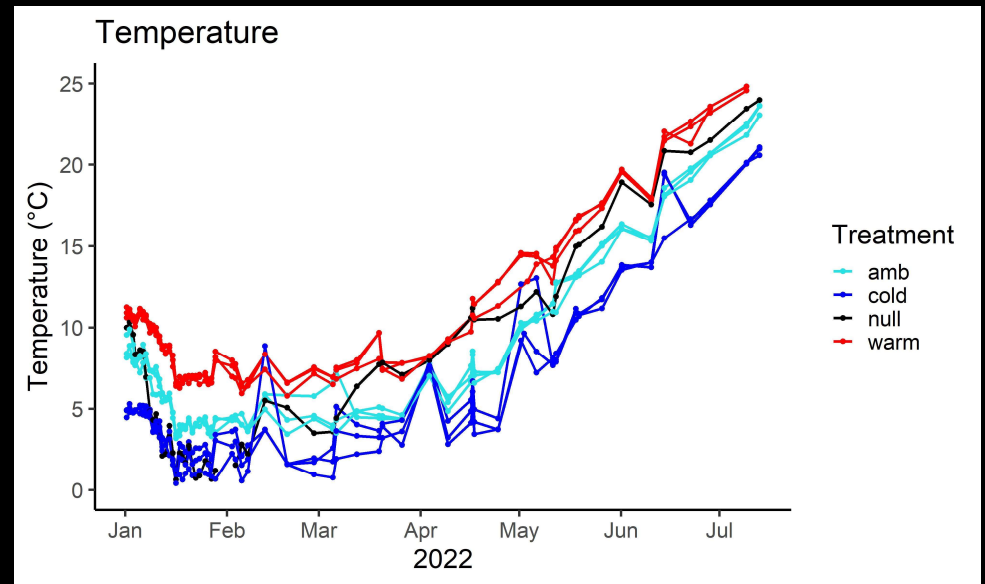
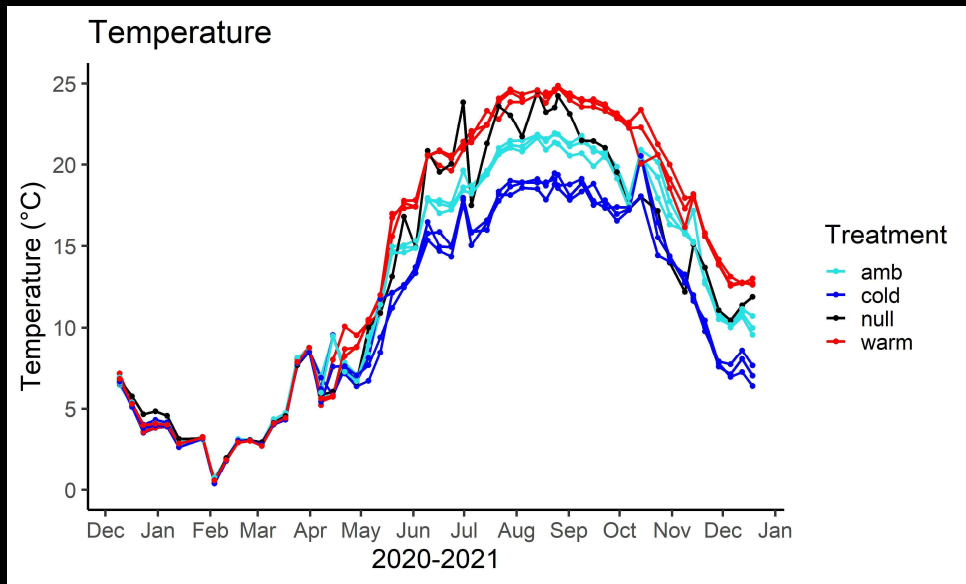


Unpublished Flecchia 2022

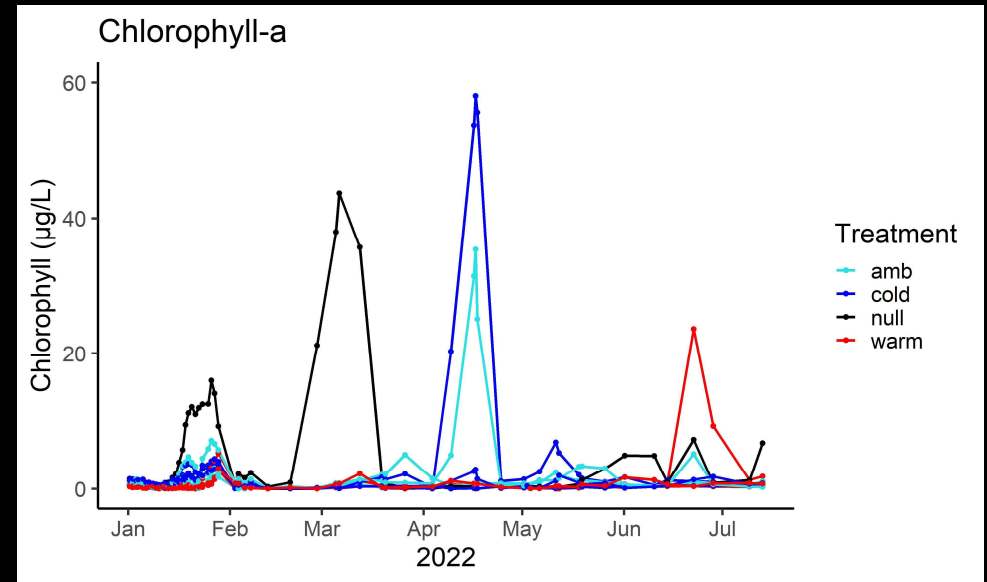
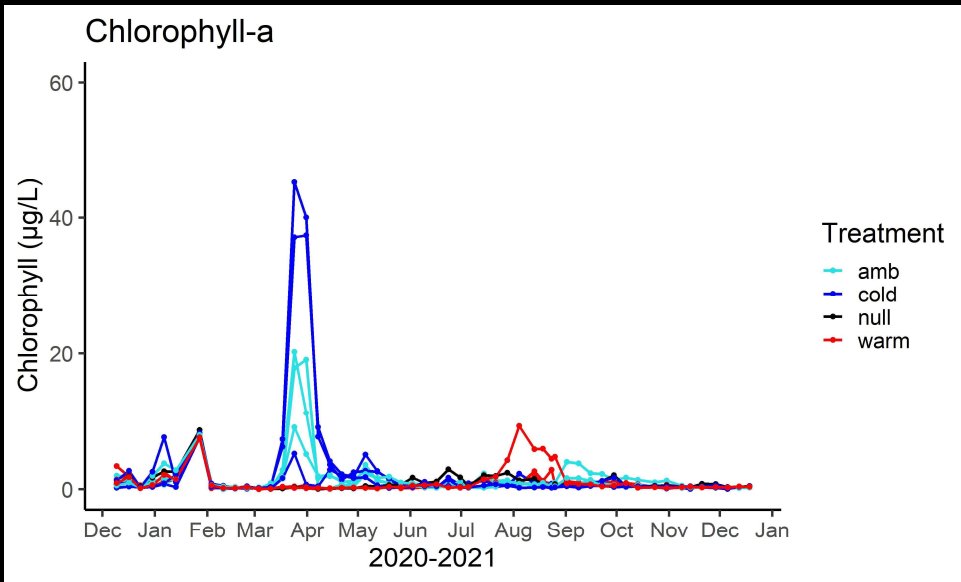
# Mesocosm Model



# Temperature



# Primary production Chl-a



## Now to the Clams

- Recruitment / reproductive potential
- Condition / health
- Growth





# Looking at the Stages of Gonad as a Metric of Fecundity



Engorged



Partially Engorged



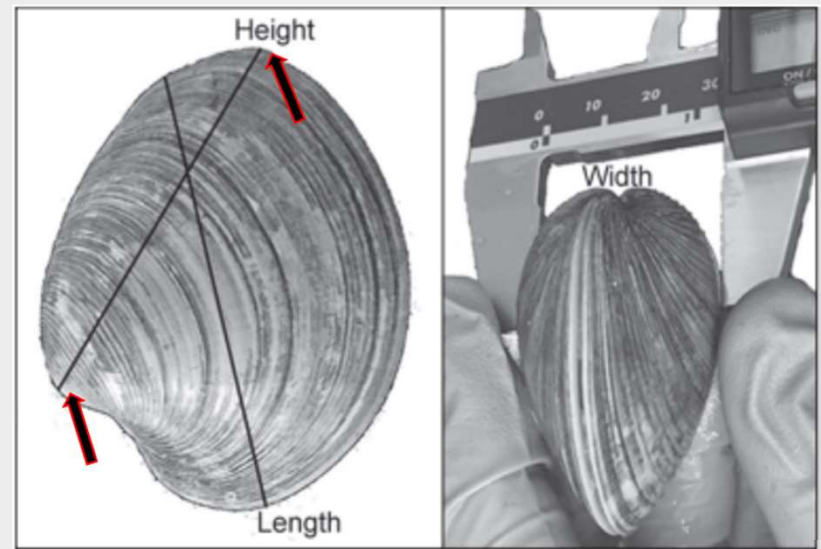
Reduced



# Condition Index and Growth



$$CI = \frac{\text{dry soft tissue wt (g)} * 1000}{\text{total wt (g)} - \text{Shell wt (g)}}$$



Robison et al. 2020

# Ordered Logistic Regression MASS Package in R

This type of model looks at the relationships between **Condition**, **Growth**, and **Treatment** on the likelihood of a clam belonging to any one of the Progressive **Gonad Stages**





# Model Results

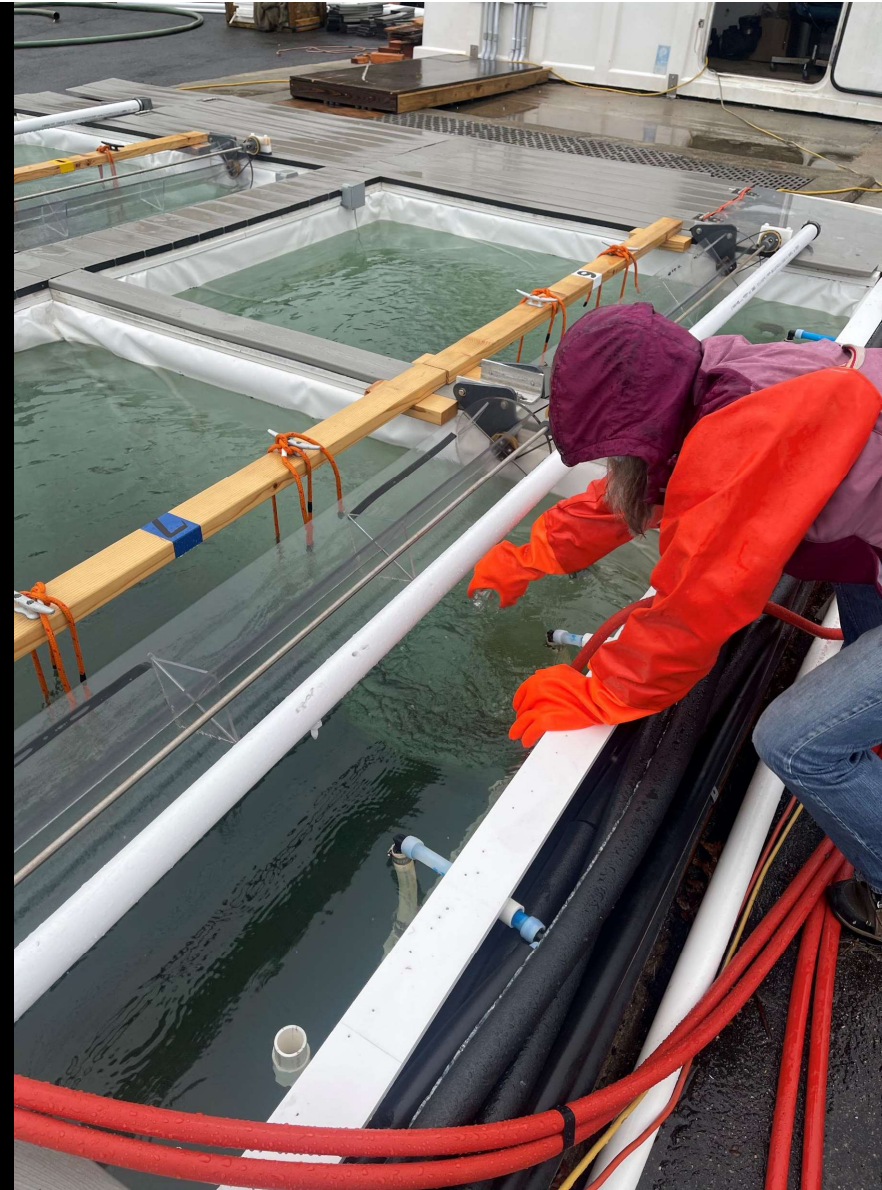
*(Bloom effect)*

Higher **Condition**, greater likelihood of being reproductive

Higher **Growth**, lower likelihood of being reproductive

Cold **Treatment** greater likelihood of being reproductive

Warm **Treatment** lower likelihood of being reproductive

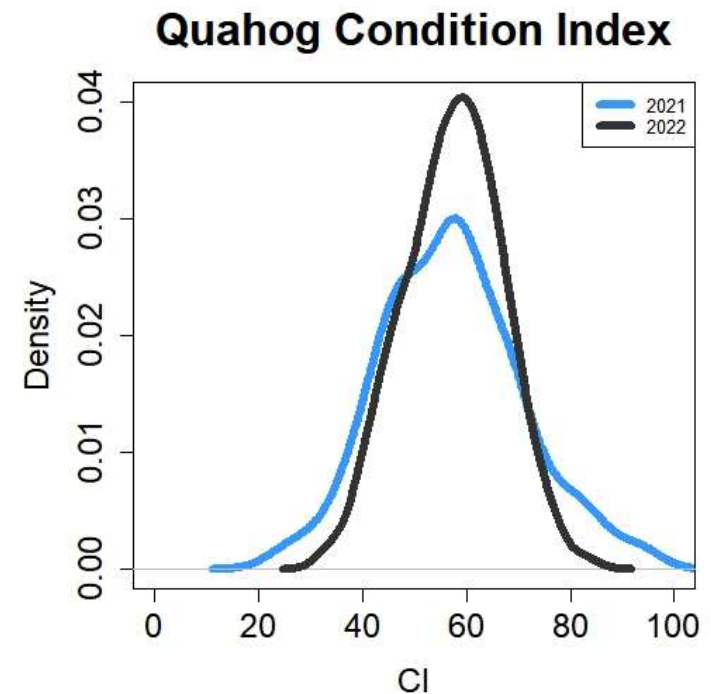


# What about the sediment?

PRE vs MB

CI metric for health/success of  
clams

**No significant difference** between  
experiments with respect to  
CI and sediment



# Conclusion

Do the results support the hypothesis

Recruitment



Condition



Growth



# Acknowledgments

My Committee, & PI's working together on the Mesocosms

Support from Ed Baker & MSRF

Interns and friends at MERL (Esp. Kristin, Kathryn, Riley)

RI Sea Grant for funding & support



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GRADUATE SCHOOL  
OF OCEANOGRAPHY



# Model Results 2021

## **For every one-unit increase in condition**

Clam Gonad was 8.7% more likely to be engorged or partially engorged vs Reduced.

*-Higher Condition, greater likelihood of being reproductive*

## **For every one-unit increase in growth**

Clam Gonad was 1.4x less likely to be Engorged vs Partially Engorged or Reduced

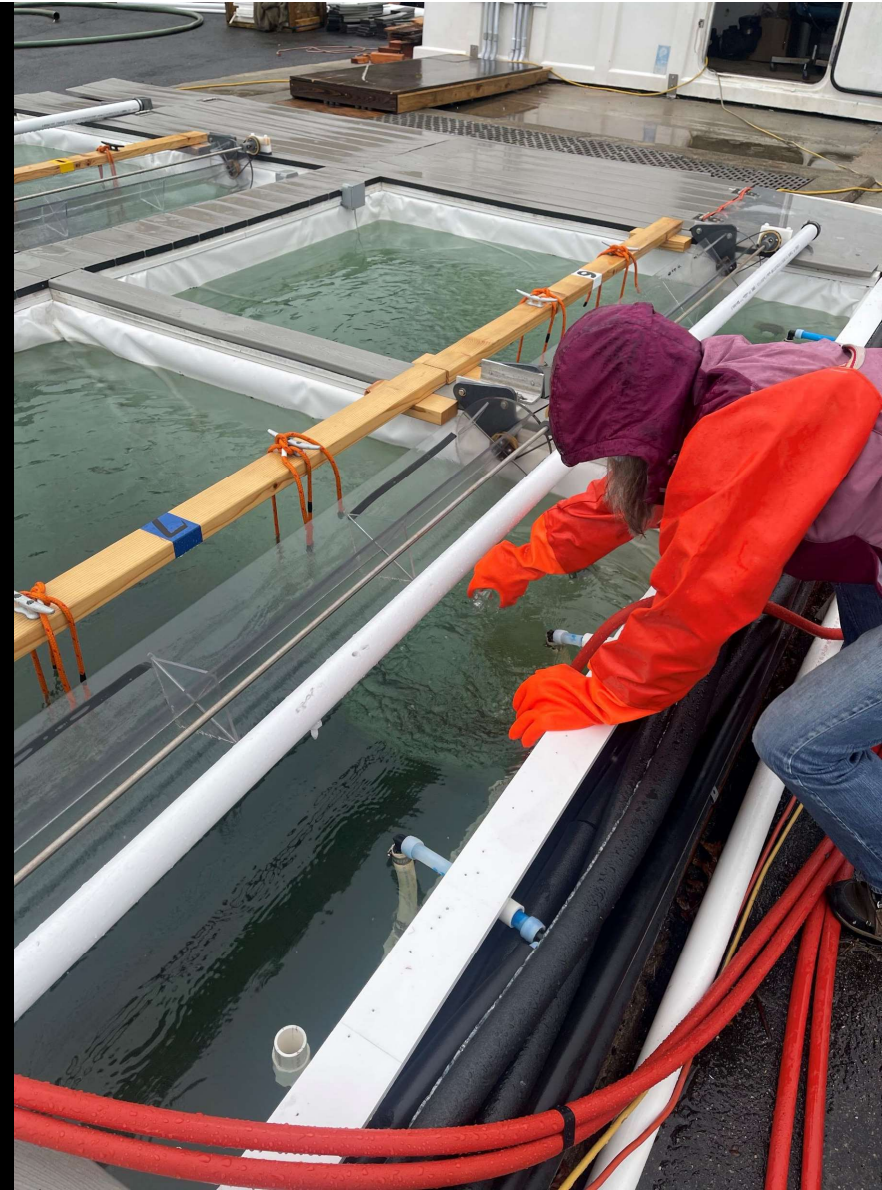
*-Higher growth, lower likelihood of being reproductive*

## **Clams in the Warm Treatment (C-A ~ NSD)**

Clam Gonad was 8.2x less likely to belong to be Engorged vs Partially Engorged or reduced.

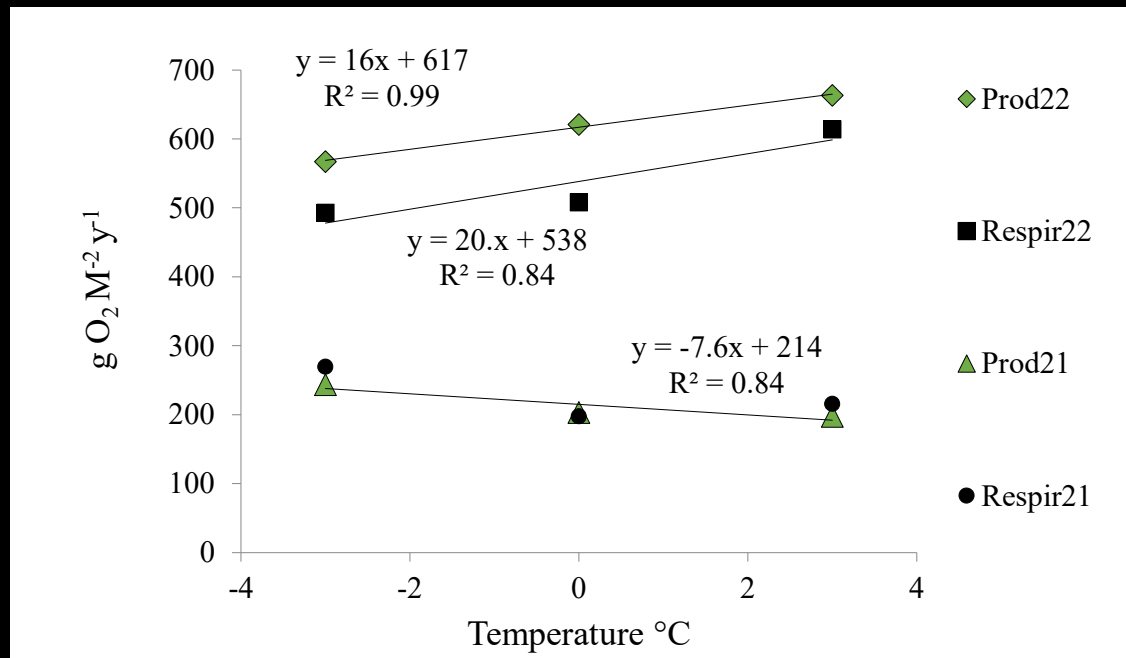
*-Cold treatments greater likelihood of being reproductive*

*-Warm treatments lower likelihood of being reproductive*



# System Production vs respiration

Differences between types of primary production between experiments





### Brown University Narragansett Bay Sediment Project Grab Samples

0 0.5 1 2 3 4  
Kilometers

#### Bay Areas

- Seekonk River
- Providence River
- Upper Bay
- West Passage
- × East Passage
- Greenwich Bay

Red colored symbols are chemistry samples

**363 Grab samples**

**0.5-1.5L  
5-10mm**

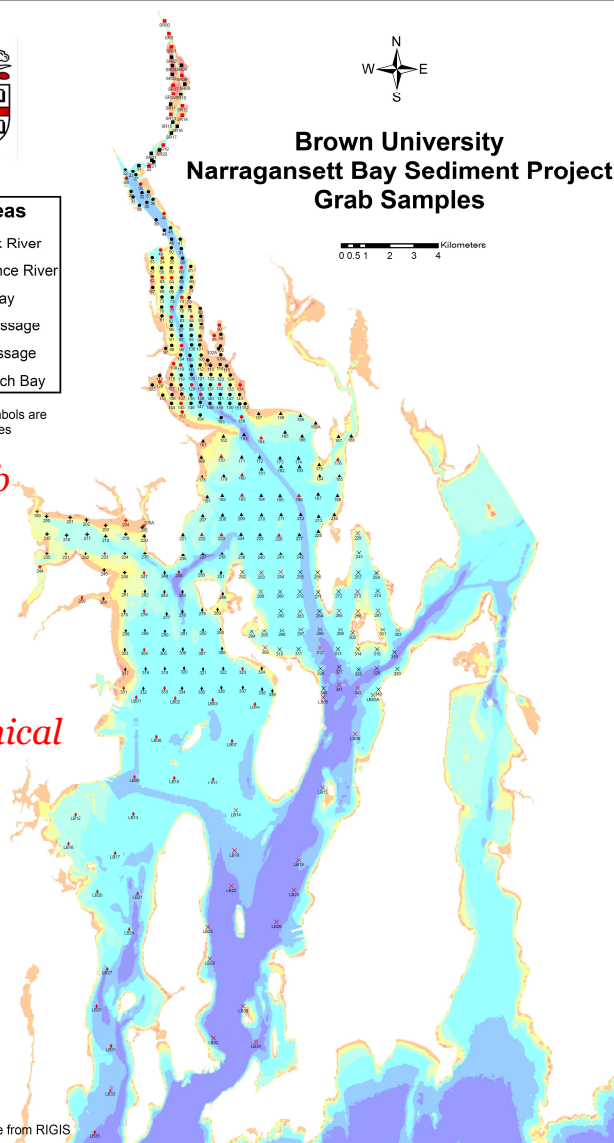
**111 Chemical Samples**

#### Water

##### Depth (m)

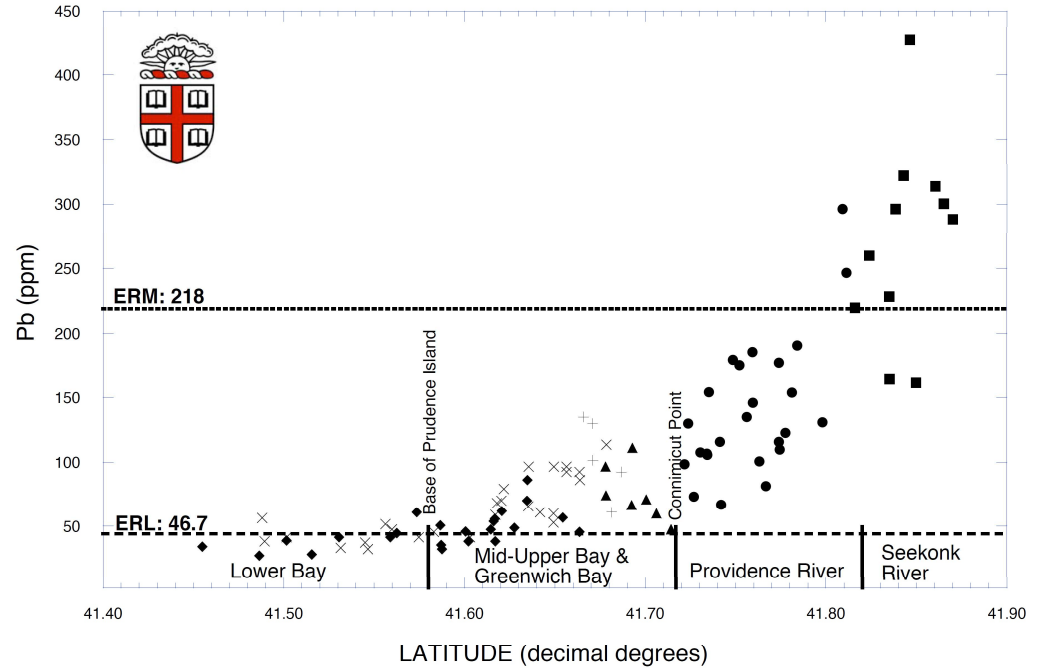
- >MLW
- 0 - 1
- 1-2
- 2-3
- 3-5
- 5-10
- 10-15
- >15

Bathymetry and Shoreline from RIGIS

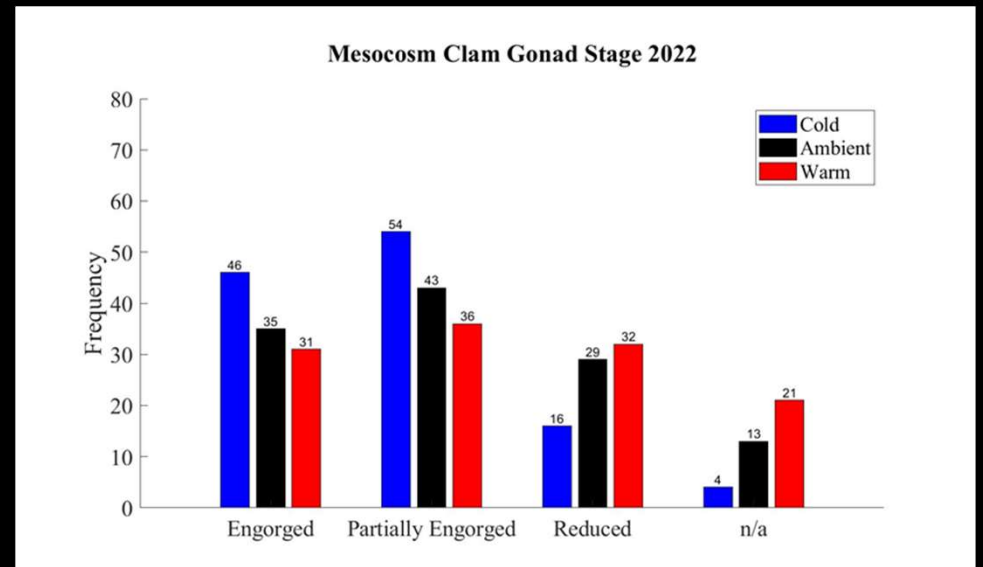
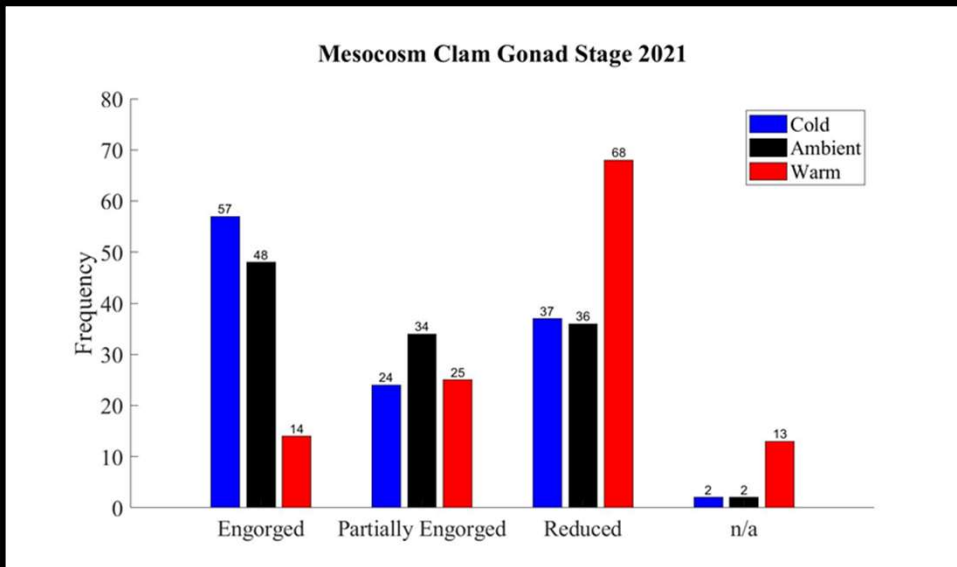


# Sediment Stuff

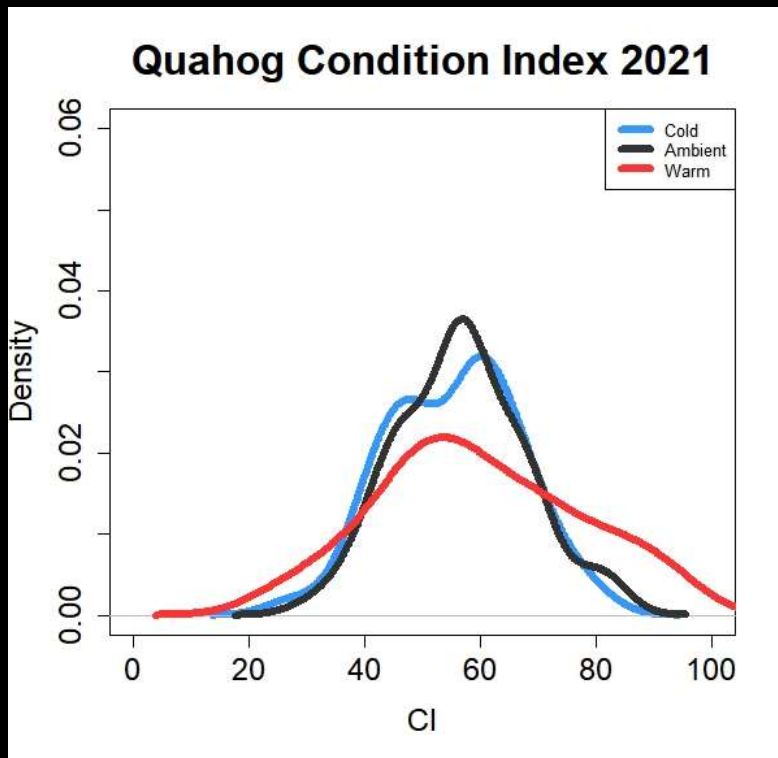
## Lead vs. Latitude - Surface Sediment Grab Samples



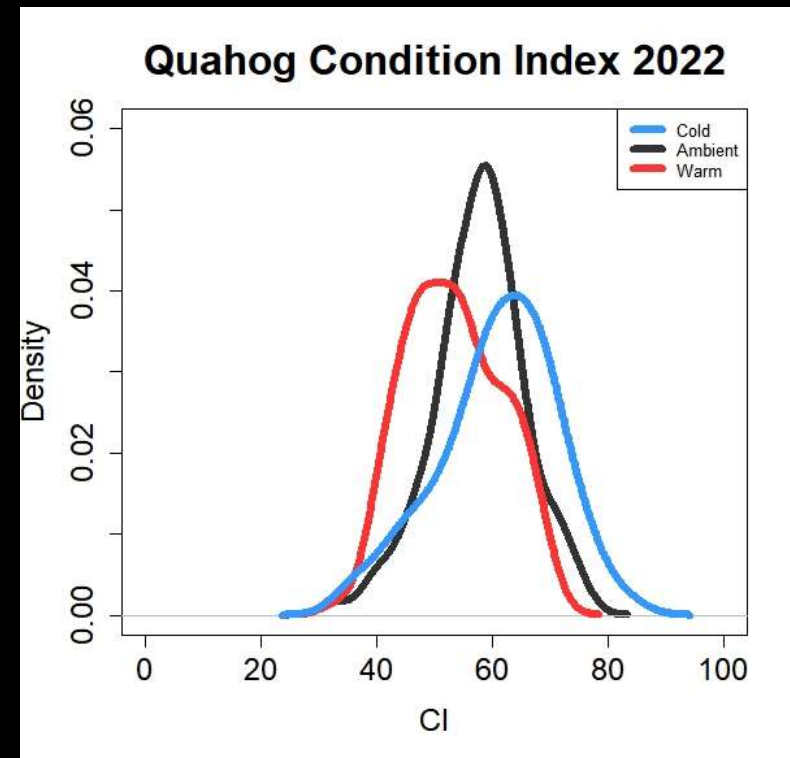
# Gonad Stage as a Metric



# Condition Index

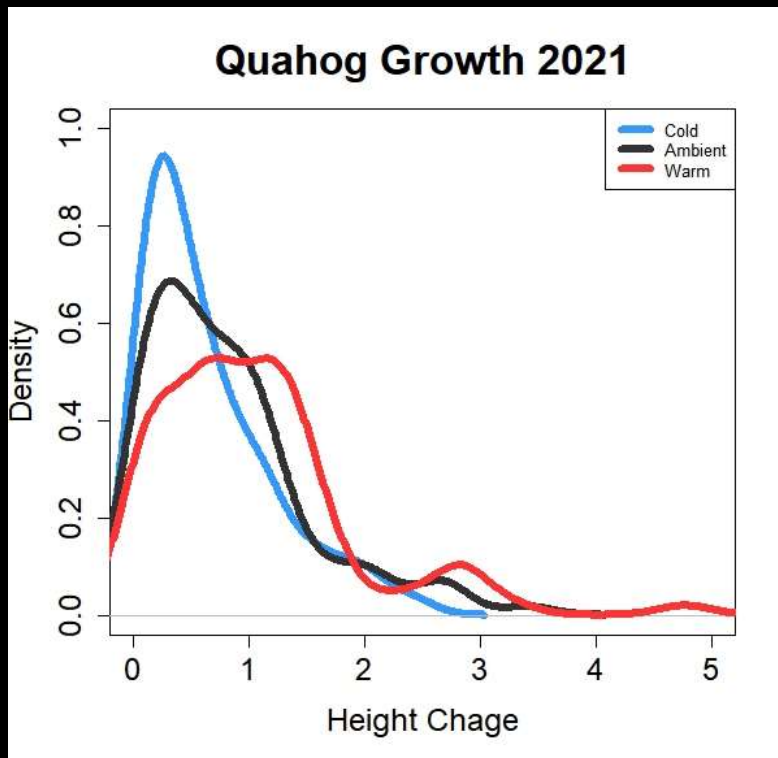


C/W P-Significantly different (0.036)

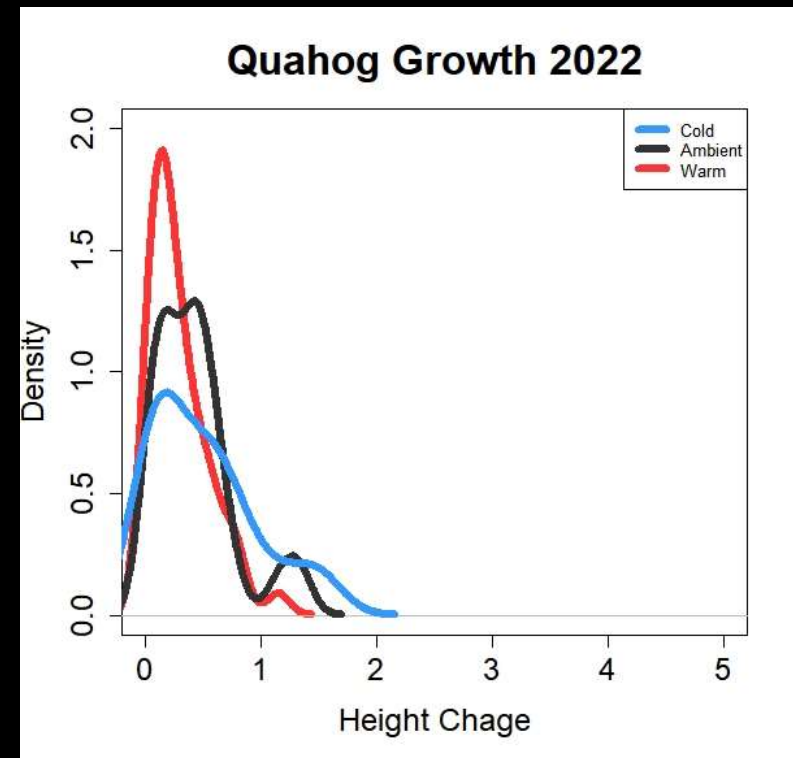


All Groups Significantly different from each other

# Growth Measurement



All Groups Significantly different from each other



A/W Significantly different from each other