## THE TIDEWATER SITE

### PRIOR TO START OF REMEDIAL WORK





## SITE HISTORY

The Tidewater Site has a long History of industrial use dating back to at least 1881. Site operations, including the historic Manufactured Gas Plant (MGP), provided essential electric and gas service to the community for over 130 years. Large areas of the site are currently vacant. Currrent operations include a natural gas regulation facility, electrical transmission facilities and an electrical switch and substation facility.



1881

The Pawtucket Gas Company constructs the Tidewater **Manufactured Gas** Plant (MGP) to produce manufactured gas from coal and oil using industrial processes.

Blackstone Valley Gas and Electric Company (BVG&E) purchases the **Pawtucket Gas** Company.

1938

The Great Hurricane of 1938 causes significant damage to the MGP and power plant.

The transmission towers are first (VGC) acquires evident in the MGP from historical records for the power plant.

1962

1975

The power plant is officially decommissioned.

ivestigations

Rhode Island Department of **Environmental** Management (RIDEM) issues a Letter of Responsibility to **BVEC** and VGC.

1995

2006

**National Grid** acquires the Rhode Island gas utility and the gas portion Tidewater Site.

2017

of Limited

Design

National Grid Ownership of the Former Gas Plant Area and the North Fill Area

2018

**Performance** Remedial **Action** Work Investigation **Submitted** to RIDEM

**AUG. 2019** 

**Permit Application** Package Submitted to Regulators

**MARCH 2020** 

RIDEM Issued Order of **Approval**  **FALL 2021** 

**Environmental Work** in Southern Half of Site Anticipated to be Completed

**Period of MGP Operations** 

1880

1900

1920

1940

1961

Valley Gas

Company

BVG&E.

1960

1980

2000

2020

**Period of Active Power Plant Operations** 

1890

**Pawtucket Gas** Company constructs the power plant.

1923

Power plant changes its primary fuel from coal to oil. supplement

1968 The Blackstone Valley Site **Majority of MGP** Electric Company operations ceases, (BVEC) acquires the begin. though oil gas is produced on an aspower plant from BVG&E. The MGP is needed basis to officiallydecommissioned. The City of available natural gas supply until Pawtucket acquires approximately 1968. portions of the southernmost section.

2000

**National Grid** acquires the Rhode Island electric utility and the electric portion of the Tidewater Site.

2009-2016

Facility upgrades include: Natural Gas Regulating Station upgrades Gasholders Nos. 7 and 8

decommissioned and demolished Pawtucket No.1

**Substation and Switching**  Station modifications Former gas buildings demolished

Repair of the south washout area

**MAY 2019 RAWP Addendum** 

submitted

to RIDEM

**DEC. 2019 Army Corp** of Engineers **Approval** 

**MARCH 2020** Coastal Resources

Council

**Approval** 

NOV. 2020 **Environmental Work Initiated** Management (Southern Half of Site)

**SEPT. 2020** 

**Community** 

**Event Prior** 

**Environmental** 

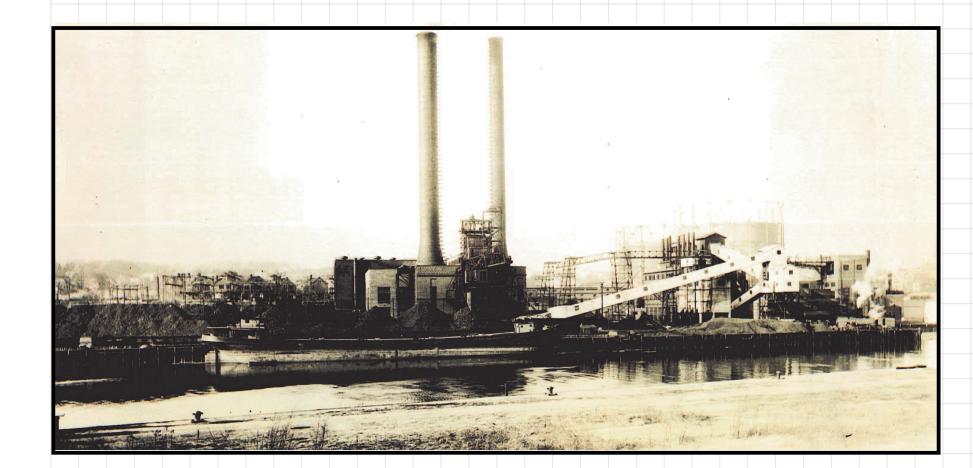
National Grid Ownership of the Former Power Plant Area and the South Fill Area

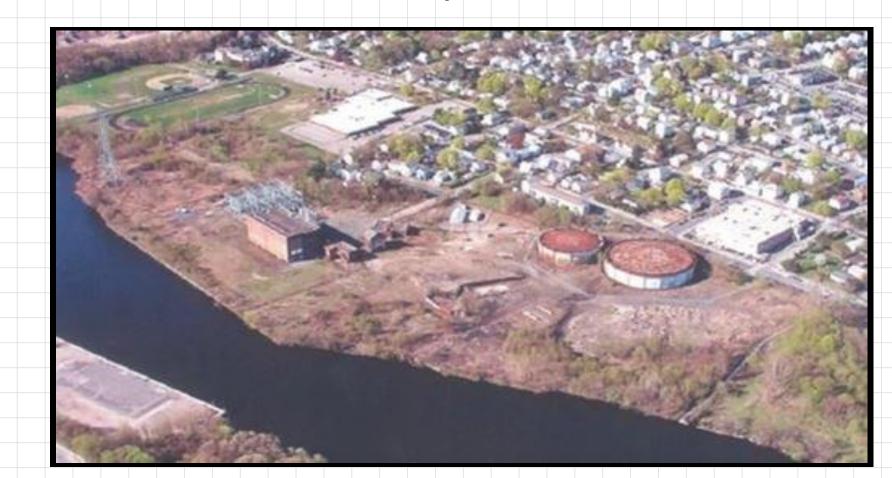
to Start of

Work

Outreach

**FALL 2021 Environmental Work Antici**pated to be **I**nitiated in Northern Half of Site



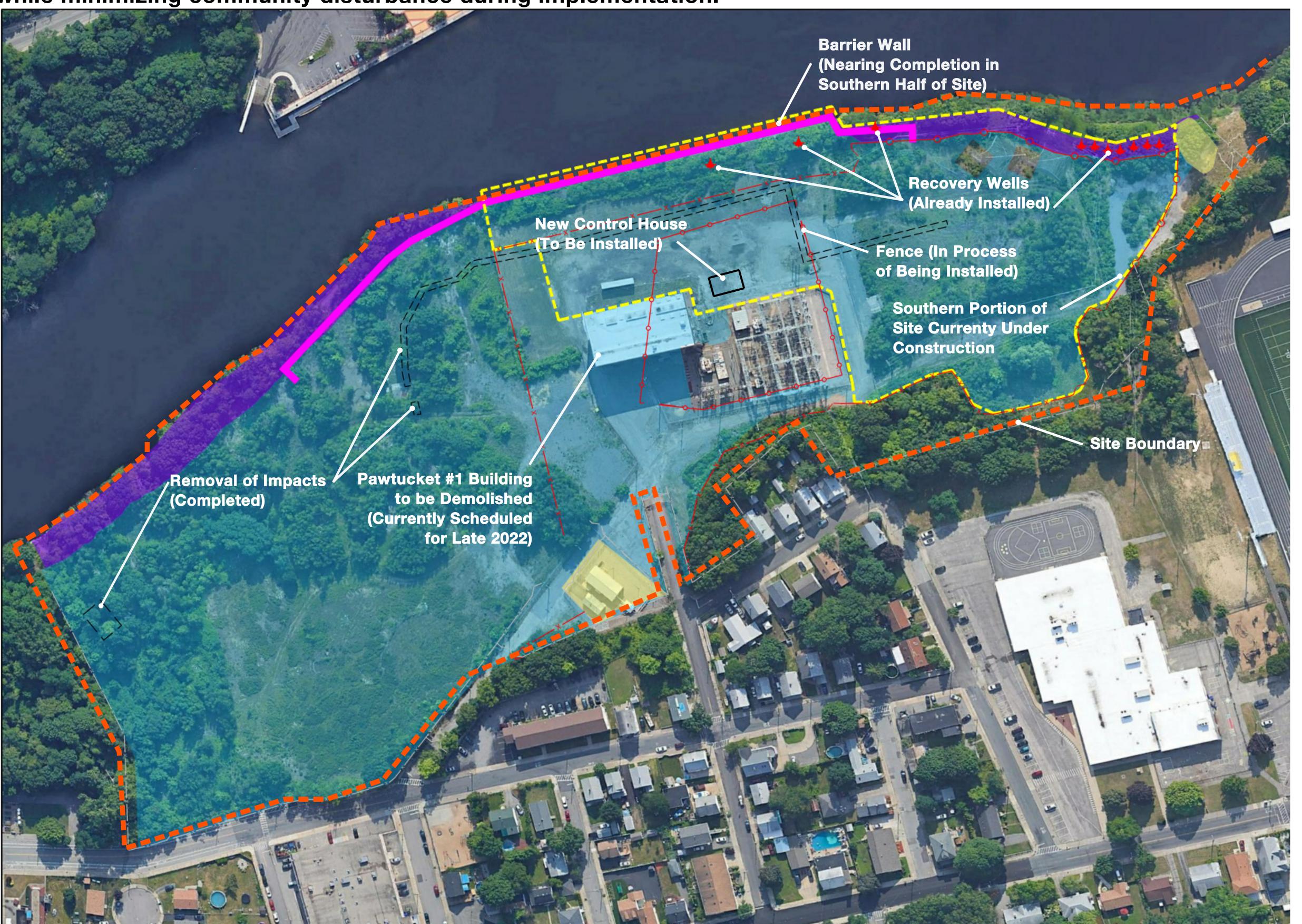


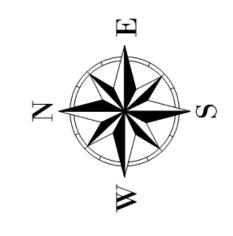


## REMEDIAL LAYOUT PLAN

The remedy for the Site consists of targeted removal of certain impacts, installation of a subsurface barrier wall designed to protect the Seekonk River and and the use of engineered caps to isolate impacts. This remedy was selected based on its ability to address Site impacts while minimizing community disturbance during implementation.

while minimizing community disturbance during implementation.





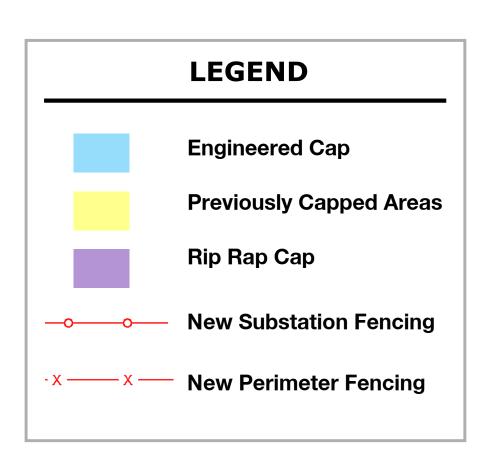
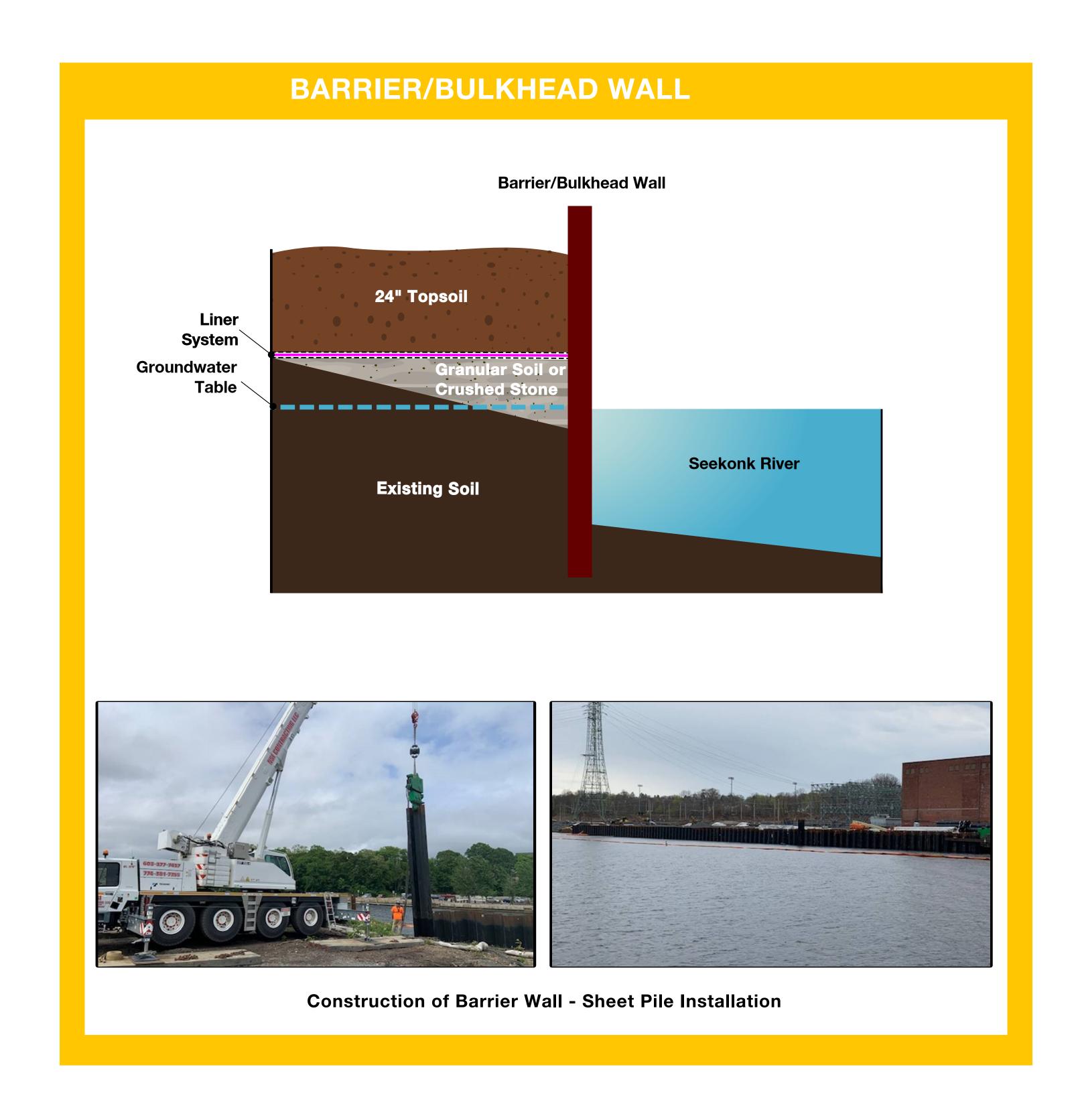
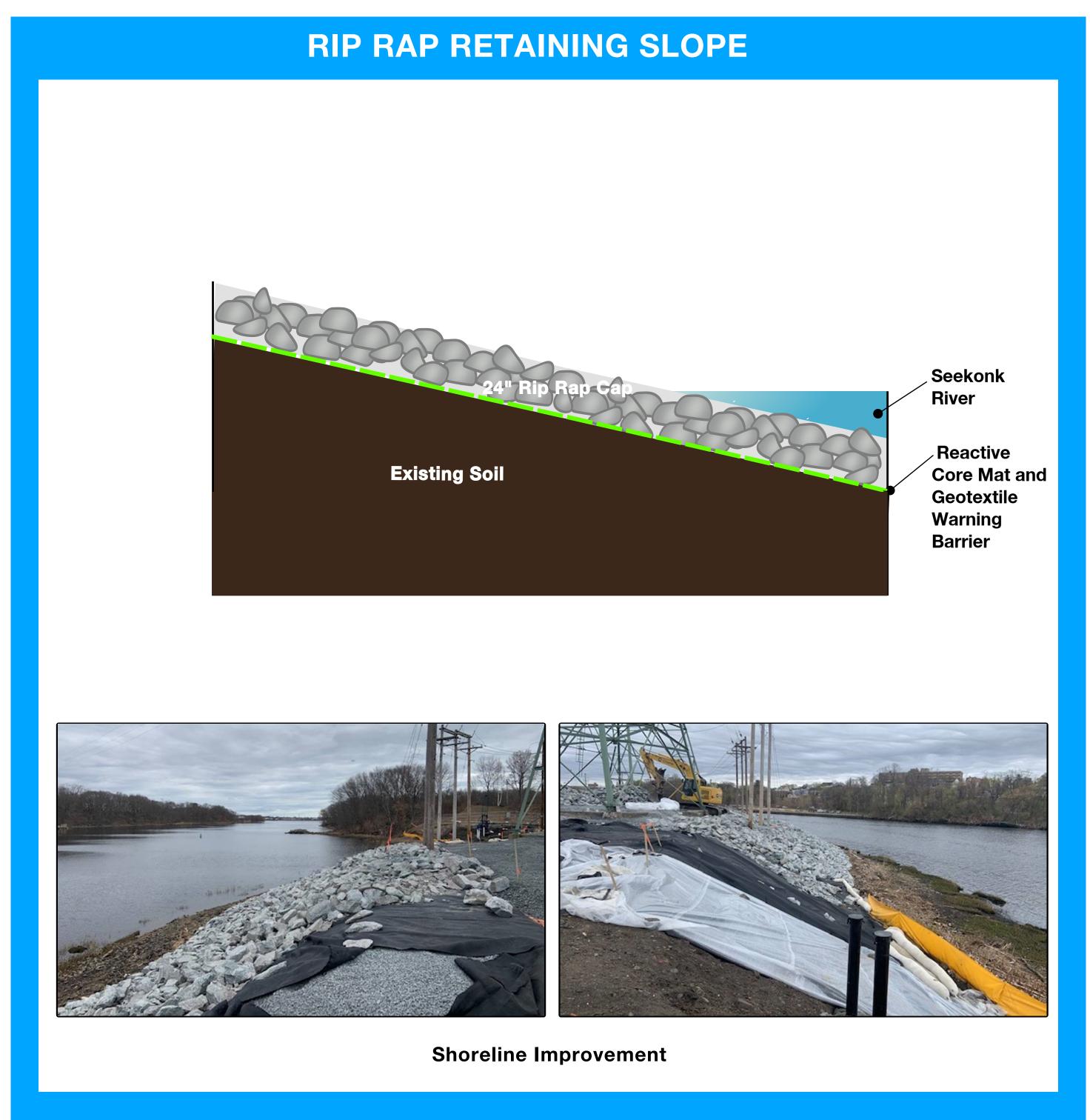


Image courtesy of Google Professional

## BARRIER WALL DETAILS

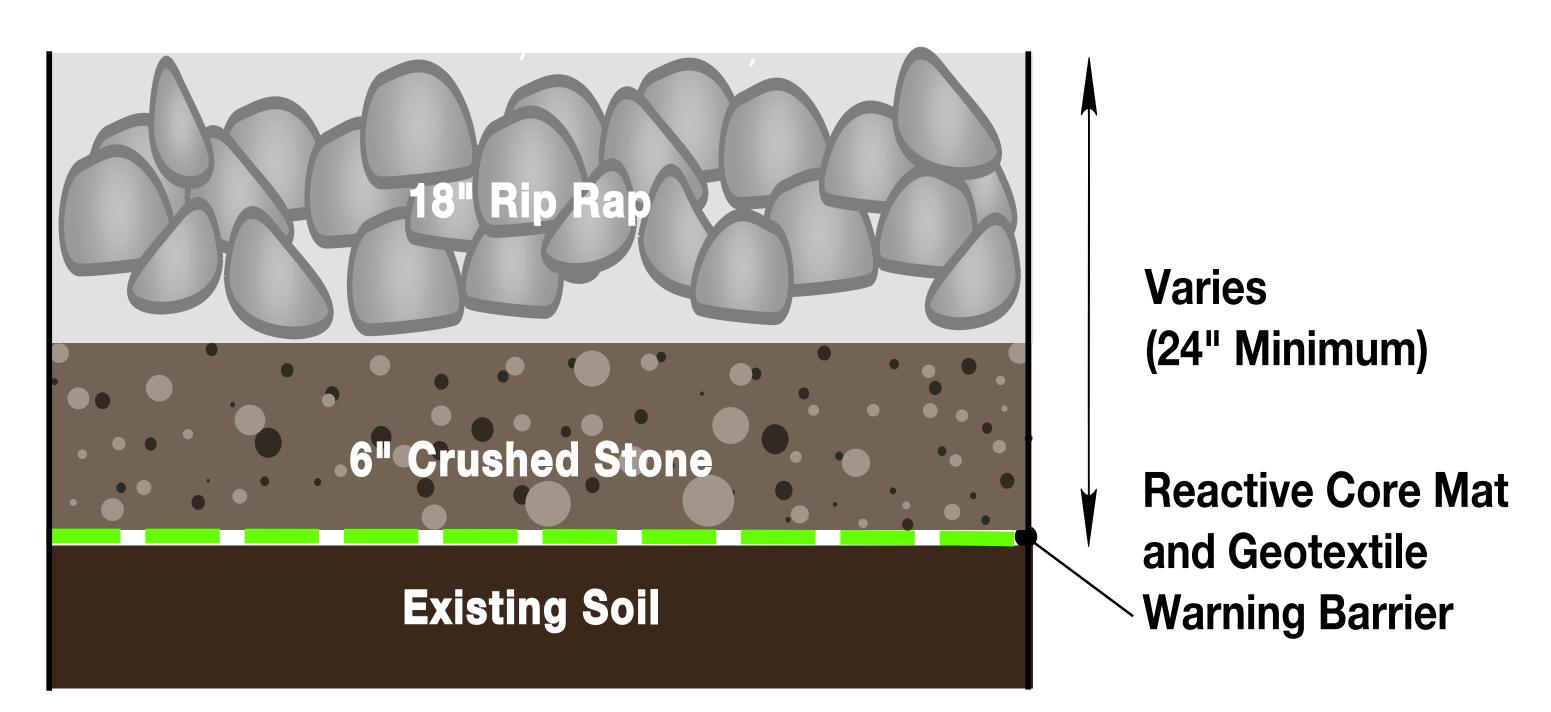
A subsurface barrier wall, installed along the Seekonk River, will prevent the migration of impacted groundwater and non-aqueous phase liquids (NAPLs)





## ENGINEERED CAP DETAILS

Rip Rap Cap



#### Impermeable Cap Permeable Cap 6" Topsoil **Varies** 6" Topsoil **Varies** (24" Minimum (12" Minimum Material depends 18" Clean Soil **Material depends** on location) 6" Clean Soil on location) Liner Geotextile **Existing Soil Existing Soil Warning Barrier System**

## MATERIAL IMPORT AND DISPOSAL

The Tidewater Site remedy includes excavation and disposal of targeted impacted areas, as well as the installation of an engineered cap to prevent direct contact with Site materials and protect groundwater. In order to install the engineered cap and minimize the amount of materials needed to be transported offsite, National Grid will re-grade the Tidewater Site. Clean fill materials will be transported onto the Site to construct the cap.



#### **ROUTES**

From Site to I-95N:
Taft Street to Roosevelt Avenue
Extension
Roosevelt Avenue Extension to
Main Street
Main Street to I-95N On-Ramp

From Site to I-95S:
Taft Street to Jenks Way
Jenks Way to Pleasant Street
Pleasant Street to Grace Street
Grace Street to George Street
George Street to Cedar Street
Cedar Street to I-95S On-Ramp

From I-95N to Site
Marrin Street to Grace Street
Grace Street to Pleasant Street
Pleasant Street to Jenks Way
Jenks Way to Taft Street
Taft Street to Tidewater Street

From I-95S to Site
Cedar Street to George Street
George Street to Grace Street
Grace Street to Pleasant Street
Pleasant Street to Jenks Way
Jenks Way to Taft Street
Taft Street to Tidewater Street



## WHAT TO EXPECT DURING REMEDY CONSTRUCTION

National Grid is completing the work as outlined in the Remedial Action Plan (RAWP) for the Tidewater Site. These images are from the work completed in the southern portion of the Tidewater Site.

**DUST & ODOR CONTROL** 



**Water Truck Control Dust** 



**Covered Stockpiles Control Dust and Odors** 



Foam Addresses Any Odors

SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL



**Straw Wattles Limit Erosion** 

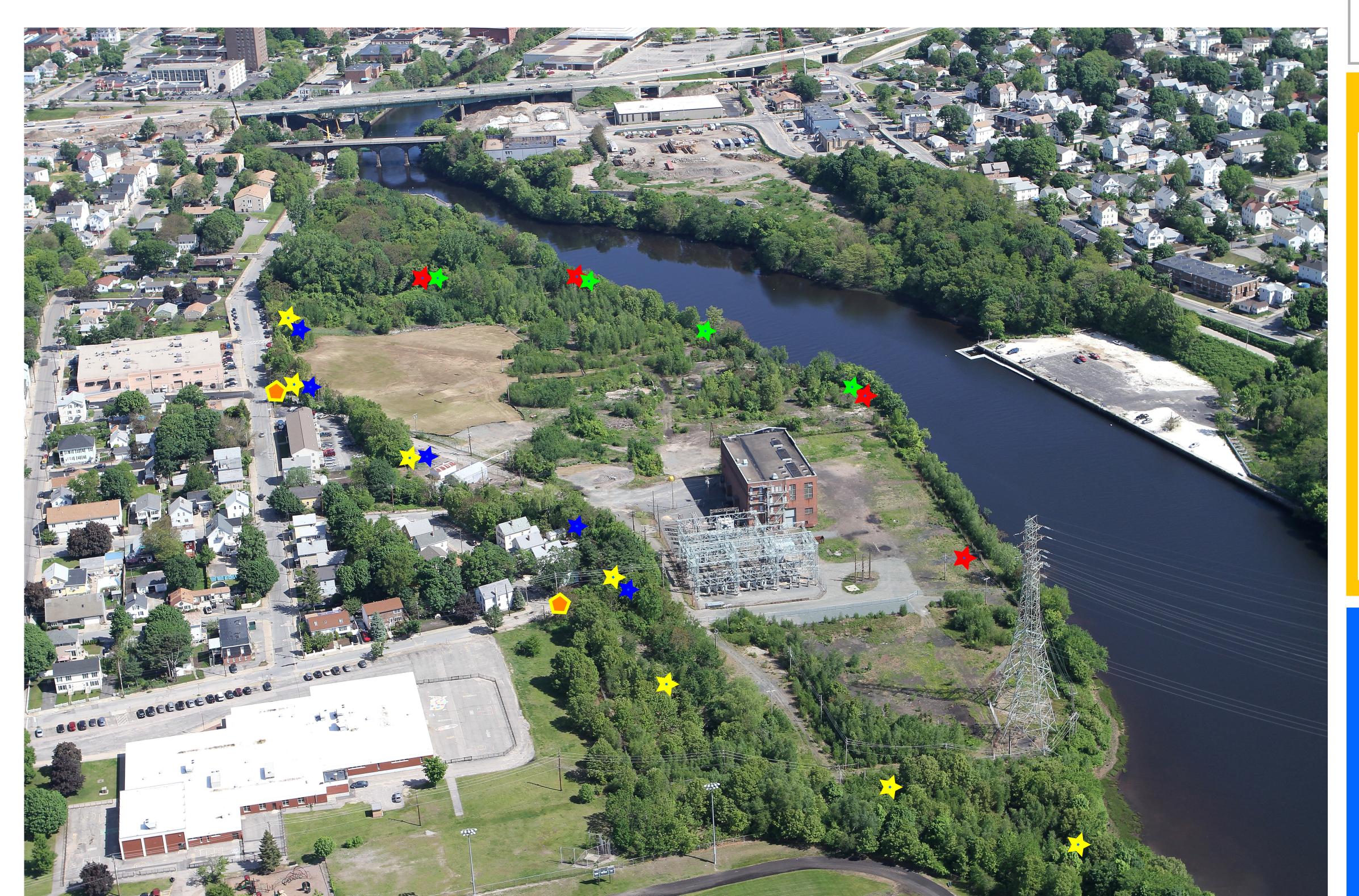


**Turbidity Curtains Prevent Sediments From** Migrating Away From Site



# AIR MONITORING PROGRAM

Throughout construction of the remedy, National Grid will deploy a robust, multi-tier air monitoring program to protect both onsite workers and community. Air monitoring data can be accessed at www.tidewater.com.



#### **LEGEND**

- Current Air Monitoring Station Location Solar Light Units (Organic Vapors and Fugitive Dust)
- Current Full Air Monitoring Station Location Classic Units (Organic Vapors, Fugitive Dust and Benzene)
- Proposed Phase 4/5 Air Monitoring Station Location Solar Light Units (Organic Vapors and Fugitive Dust)
- Proposed Phase 4/5 Full Air Monitoring Station
  Location Classic Units (Organic Vapors, Fugitive
  Dust and Benzene)
- Bulletin Board Location

#### TIER 1 - REAL-TIME MONITORING



## TIER 2 - AIR SAMPLE COLLECTION FOR LABORATORY TESTING

IME-INTEGRATED SAMPLING

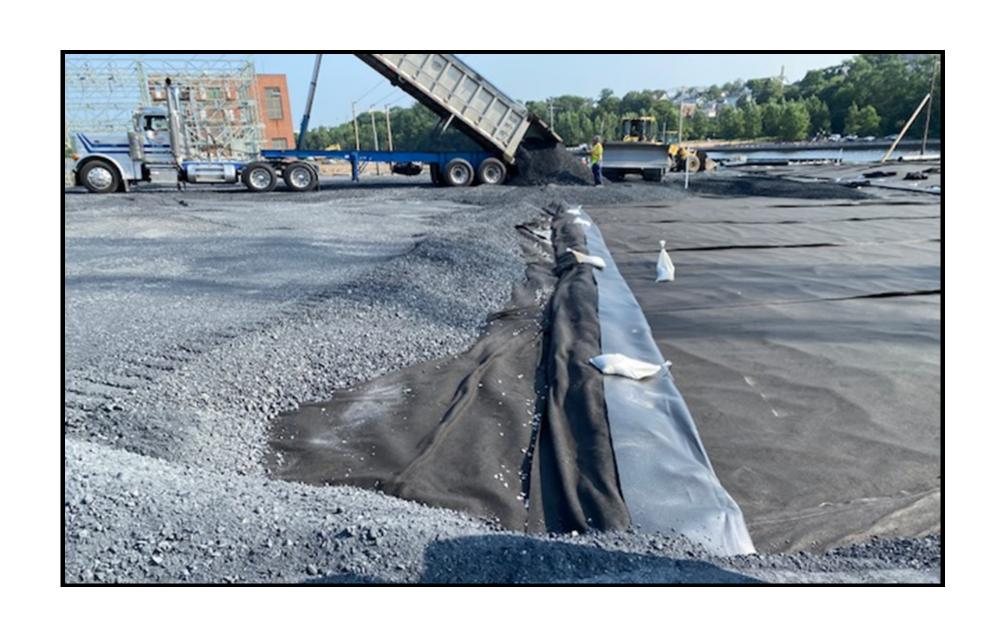


**Summa Cannister** 

## ANTICIPATED REMEDY CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE







CONTRACTOR MOBILIZATION TO SITE NOVEMBER 30, 2020

IMPLEMENTATION/CONSTRUCTION OF REMEDY PHASES 1-3

**BALANCE OF REMEDY** 

TWO TO THREE MONTHS
AFTER IMPLEMENTATION

Submittal of Remedial Action Closure Report to RIDEM

**JULY 2020** 

OCTOBER 2020

**JANUARY 2021** 

**APRIL 2021** 

**JULY 2021** 

**OCTOBER 2021** 

2022

**APRIL 2023** 

OCTOBER 29, 2020
Community Outreach Event

**SEPTEMBER 14, 2021**Community Outreach Event

**FALL 2022** 

PAWTUCKET No. 1 BUILDING DEMOLITION









# SITE CONDITIONS AFTER IMPLEMENTATION OF REMEDY TIDEWATER SITE

