#### 29 November 2007

Mr. Fred Nunes General Manager Rhode Island Textile Company P.O. Box 999 Pawtucket, RI 02862

Dear Mr. Nunes:

The Department of Environmental Management, Office of Air Resources has reviewed and approved your request for the installation of process equipment at your 211 Columbus Avenue facility in Pawtucket.

Enclosed is a minor source permit issued pursuant to our review of your application (Approval No. 2015).

Should you have any questions, I can be reached at 222-2808, extension 7011.

Sincerely,

Douglas L. McVay Associate Supervising Engineer Office of Air Resources

cc: Pawtucket Building Official

Michael North, GZA GeoEnvironmental, Inc.

# STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE OF AIR RESOURCES

## MINOR SOURCE PERMIT

## RHODE ISLAND TEXTILE COMPANY

## **APPROVAL NO. 2015**

Pursuant to the provisions of Air Pollution Control Regulation No. 9, this minor source permit is issued to:					
Rhode Island Textile Company					
For the following:					
The relocation of 28 s.	noelace tipping machines from the Glencairn Manufacturing Company				
located at 5 Saunders	Street, Pawtucket to the Rhode Island Textile Company located at 211				
Columbus Avenue, Pa	vtucket.				
Located at:	211 Columbus Avenue, Pawtucket				
revoked by or surrent Textile Company from rules and regulations	effective from the date of its issuance and shall remain in effect until dered to the Department. This permit does not relieve <i>Rhode Island</i> compliance with applicable state and federal air pollution control. The design, construction and operation of this equipment shall be d permit conditions and emission limitations.				
Stephen Majkut, Chi Office of Air Resource					

## STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE OF AIR RESOURCES

**Permit Conditions and Emission Limitations** 

#### RHODE ISLAND TEXTILE COMPANY

#### APPROVAL NO. 2015

#### A. Emission Limitations

- 1. Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emission Limitations
  - a. The total quantity of volatile organic compound emissions discharged to the atmosphere from all operations, for the entire facility, shall not exceed 8,167 pounds per calendar month, based upon a 12 month rolling average.
- 2. Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) and Air Toxic Emission Limitations
  - a. The total quantity of HAP emissions discharged to the atmosphere from all operations, for the entire facility, shall not exceed 1,500 pounds of any one (1) HAP or 4,000 pounds of any combination of HAPs per calendar month, based upon a 12 month rolling average.
  - b. The emissions of listed toxic air contaminants discharged to the atmosphere from the entire facility shall not exceed the limitations in Table 1. The limitations shown in pounds per year are calculated on a 12-month rolling average basis.

#### B. Operating Requirements

1. All containers used to store HAP and/or VOC-containing materials must be equipped with a tight fitting lid which is kept closed when the container is not in use so as to minimize HAP and/or VOC emissions to the atmosphere.

## C. Recordkeeping and Reporting

- 1. The owner/operator shall collect and record all of the following information each day that the shoelace tipping machines are operating:
  - a. The amount of methanol used throughout the facility; and
  - b. The amount of acetone used throughout the facility.

- 2. The owner/operator shall, on a monthly basis, no later than 10 days after the first of the month, determine the total quantity of VOC discharged to the atmosphere from all operations for the entire facility. Monthly and 12-month rolling averages shall be calculated. The owner/operator shall keep records of this determination and provide such records to the Office of Air Resources upon request.
- 3. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources in writing, within 15 days, whenever the total quantity of VOCs discharged to the atmosphere from all operations, for the entire facility exceeds 8,167 pounds per calendar month, based upon a 12 month rolling average.
- 4. The owner/operator shall, on a monthly basis, no later than 10 days after the first of the month, determine the total quantity of HAPs discharged to the atmosphere from all operations, for the entire facility. Monthly and 12-month rolling averages shall be calculated. The owner/operator shall keep records of this determination and provide such records to the Office of Air Resources upon request.
- 5. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources in writing, within 15 days, whenever the total quantity of HAPs discharged to the atmosphere from all operations, for the entire facility exceeds 1,500 pounds of any single HAP or 4,000 pounds of any combination of HAPs per calendar month, based upon a 12 month rolling average.
- 6. The owner/operator shall determine the total quantity of each listed toxic air contaminant in Table 1 discharged to the atmosphere from the entire facility. The owner/operator shall keep records of this determination and provide such records to the Office of Air Resources upon request.
  - a. For pollutants with a pound/hour or pound/day limitation determine emissions on a daily basis.
  - b. For pollutants with a pounds/year limitation determine emissions on a monthly basis, no later than 10 days after the first of the month. Monthly and 12-month rolling averages shall be calculated and used for comparison with emission limitations.
- 7. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources in writing whenever the total quantity of a listed toxic air contaminant, discharged to the atmosphere from the entire facility, exceed the limitations in Table 1. For the purposes of the Table 1 listed toxic air contaminants, the following notification timelines apply:
  - a. For pollutants with a pound/hour or pound/day limitation written notification is required within 24 hours.

- b. For pollutants with a pounds/year limitation written notification is required within 15 days.
- 8. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources in writing of the actual date of startup of the new shoelace tipping machines located at 211 Columbus Avenue within 15 calendar days after the startup date.
- 9. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources of any anticipated noncompliance with the terms of this permit or any other applicable air pollution control rules and regulations.
  - a. Change the representation of the facility in the application.
  - b. Alter the applicability of any state or federal air pollution rules or regulations.
  - c. Result in the violation of any terms or conditions of this permit.
  - d. Qualify as a modification under APC Regulation No. 9.

#### Such notification shall include:

- Information describing the nature of the change.
- Information describing the effect of the change on the emission of any air contaminant.
- The scheduled completion date of the planned change.

Any such change shall be consistent with the appropriate regulation and have the prior approval of the Director.

- 10. The owner/operator shall notify the Office of Air Resources, in writing, of any noncompliance with the terms of this permit within 30 calendar days of becoming aware of such occurrence and supply the Director with the following information:
  - a. The name and location of the facility;
  - b. The subject source(s) that caused the noncompliance with the permit term;
  - c. The time and date of first observation of the incident of noncompliance;
  - d. The cause and expected duration of the incident of noncompliance;
  - e. The estimated rate of emissions (expressed in lbs/hr or lbs/day) during the incident and the operating data and calculations used in estimating the emission rate;

- f. The proposed corrective actions and schedule to correct the conditions causing the incidence of noncompliance.
- 11. All records required in this permit shall be maintained for a minimum of five years after the date of each record and shall be made available to representatives of the Office of Air Resources upon request.

#### D. Other Permit Conditions

- 1. To the extent consistent with the requirements of this permit and applicable federal and state laws, the facility shall be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with the representation of the facility in the permit application dated 20 August 2007.
- 2. Employees of the Office of Air Resources and its authorized representatives shall be allowed to enter the facility at all reasonable times for the purpose of inspecting any air pollution source, investigating any condition it believes may be causing air pollution or examining any records required to be maintained by the Office of Air Resources.
- 3. At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction, the owner/operator shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate the facility in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Office of Air Resources, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.
- 4. The emission and dispersion characteristics of all sources of listed toxic air contaminants from the facility shall be consistent with the parameters used in the air quality modeling to demonstrate that the emissions of each listed toxic air contaminant from the facility does not cause an impact, at or beyond the property line of the facility, which exceeds the Acceptable Ambient Level for that substance. The Office of Air Resources, in its sole discretion, may reopen this minor source permit if it determines that the emission and dispersion characteristics have changed significantly and that emission limitations must be added to this permit to ensure compliance with Air Pollution Control Regulation No. 22.

**Table 1. Emission Limitations** 

Pollutant	Limitation			
	pounds/hour	pounds/day	pounds/year	
Acetone	121.19	1454.25		
Methanol	60.59		18,000 <sup>1</sup>	

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{HAP}$  limitation (18,000) is more stringent than that back calculated from the AAL.