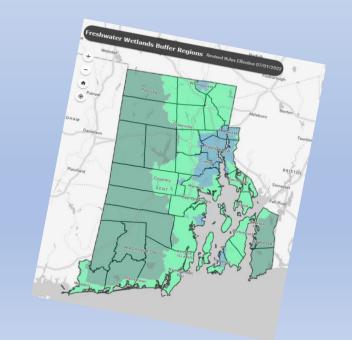


Wetland Rules Workshop Focus: The Rules in Practice

Groundwater & Freshwater Wetlands Protection

RIDEM Office of Water Resources
May 4th, 2022







Presentation Outline

- Rule Applicability
- Permitting Pathways and Application Types
- Jurisdictional Areas, Buffer Zones and Buffers
- Examples of "Buffer" Case Studies
- Next Steps & Questions

Which Rules Apply When



State Programs: What happens as of July 1, 2022? See Rule 3.19

- What if I have already filed an application with DEM before 7/1/2022?
 - Freshwater Wetland applications accepted for filing prior to 7/1/2022 will be governed by the rules in effect at the time (DEM 250-RICR-150-15-1 or "Part 1 Rules"). Application needs to be reasonably complete and will be assigned an application number.
- What if I filed a DEM application before 7/1/2022 and I need to make changes to it to address comments after July 1?

The application would still be processed under the Part 1 rules. The new Part 3 rules would not apply unless the changes resulted in a determination that a new application is required.

Which Rules Apply When



State Programs: What happens as of July 1, 2022? See Rule 3.19

What if I am planning on filing a new DEM application soon?
 Applicants prepared to file a complete application with the State before 7/1/2022 are advised to follow the Part 1 Rules.

All new Freshwater Wetland permit applications **filed on or after 7/1/2022** need to follow the **new Part 3 rules** with one exception related to Master Planning.

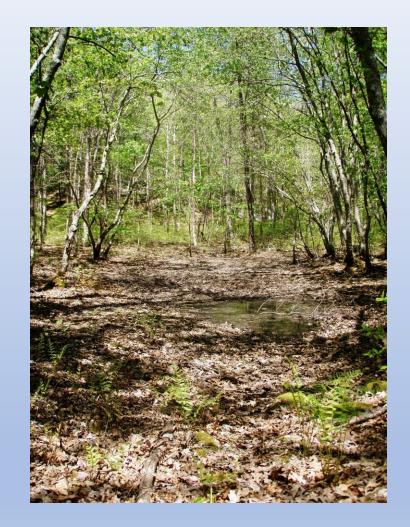
Do the new rules affect my existing state Freshwater Wetland permit?
 Existing state permits remain valid for their authorized period and may be renewed in accordance with the rules under which the permit was issued.
 All specified permit conditions remain applicable.

Master Plan Exception to New Effective Date



Projects that obtained Master Plan
 Approval from a municipality on or before
 7/1/2022 may elect to follow the Part 1
 Rules provided a <u>complete</u> Freshwater
 Wetlands Application is submitted to DEM
 on or before August 30, 2022.

 This 60-day additional period is provided to facilitate the transition for those projects that may obtain Master Plan approval in May or June 2022.





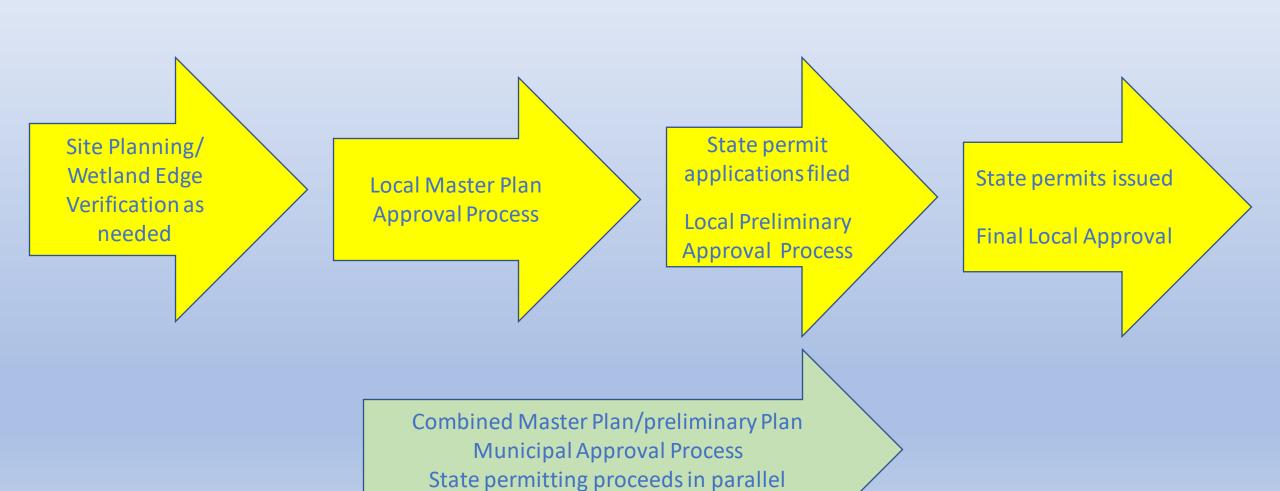
Coordination with Master Plan Approvals

Rule 3.8.11 <u>Municipal Coordination</u> and Rule 3.11.2 (4) <u>Application Submittal Requirements</u> now requires that applicants for major land development or major subdivision projects must submit documentation of one of the following with their application to the Freshwater Wetlands Program:

- 1) Local Master Plan Approval
- 2) Local conditional approval of a combined Master Plan and Preliminary Plan; or
- 3) Letter from municipal authority certifying compliance with low impact development site planning and design requirements as contained in local ordinances or regulations.



Master Planning Permitting Pathway



Relationship to Issued Building Permits "Grandfathered Permits"



• I have a valid build permit for my project? Do I now need a wetland permit too?

As part of the transition, the Part 3 rules allow projects to proceed when:

- * A valid building permit issued before 7/1/2022 is in place; and
- * The project was not previously required to obtain a Freshwater Wetlands permit under Part 1 Rules.

This situation applies to the additional land area that will be newly regulated under the new Freshwater Wetland Rules (Part 3).

Rule Applicability Outside of Jurisdictional Area ("JA")



Reminder: There are situations when the Freshwater Wetland Rules apply to locations outside the defined JA. Per Rule 3.5.6 (B) Regulatory Applicability these include:

- 1. Result in a change in the normal surface runoff characteristics which increases the rate or volume of water flowing into, or draining or diverting water away from, freshwater wetlands or buffers.
- 2. Result in the diversion of groundwater into or away from the freshwater wetlands or buffers.
- 3. Result in the modification of the quality of water reaching freshwater wetlands or buffers that could alter their natural character.

Examples: Large new water wells, large excavations affecting water tables, various types of hydromodifications.

Municipal Coordination



- State Agencies will be notifying municipal contacts by email of new Freshwater Wetland permit applications under part 3 Rules;
- Municipalities have 15 days to provide input;
- DEM encourages pre-application meetings as a means of fostering coordination;
- Process for formal notice of Applications for Significant Alterations has not changed (involves public comment, etc.)

Applicability Fact Sheet

- Developing a Factsheet that answers commonly asked questions about the Part 3 Rules.
- Available on the DEM FWW website soon

www.dem.ri.gov/newwetlandsrules



FRESHWATER WETLANDS QUESTIONS: APPLICABILITY AND TIMELINE

The following questions and responses are compiled from the online RIDEM Freshwater Wetlands Question & Answer system that was created to facilitate and organize questions about the "new" Rules and Regulations Governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Freshwater Wetlands Act, referenced as 250-RICR-150-15-3 or Part 3. Where mentioned, the "current" rules are the Rules and Regulations Governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Fresh Water Wetlands Act, 250-RICR-150-15-1 or Part 1.

Question Could you please confirm the effective date for the implementation of the new wetlands Rules?

Answer The new effective date for the New Freshwater Wetlands Rules (250-RICR-150-15-3) is July 1, 2022

Question To be reviewed under the current Rules (250-RICR-150-15-1), would applications need to be filed,

or deemed administratively complete, prior to July 1, 2022?

Answer With a couple of exceptions, yes, an application will need to be filed prior to July 1, 2022, the

effective date of the new Rules. See Rule 3.19 "Superseded Rules."

Question: If you have a Formal application in prior to July 1, but you decide to downgrade it to a Preliminary

Determination application and you re-apply after July 1, are you then locked into the new Rules?

No. DEM's decision to downgrade a Formal application to a Preliminary Determination would not

require a re-application. Once the applicant agrees to the downgrade (if the Program offers it) we

would just issue an Insignificant Alteration under the Part 1 Rules in effect at the time of the

original Formal application.

uestion: I file a Preliminary Determination application prior to July 1, and DEM says I should submit an

Application for a Significant Alteration. If the application is submitted after July 1, am I locked into

the new Rules?

Answer:

Answer: Yes, in that case the new Rules would apply, unless any of the scenarios described under Rule 3.19

(Superseded Rules) apply to the project.

Question: If a permit is issued under the current Rules, do the expiration periods under the new Rules apply?

Answer: For permits issued under the current Rules prior to July 1, 2022, the expiration date from the

current Rules applies. The new expiration dates will only take effect on the permits that are issued







Questions on Rule Applicability?



New Guidance -Summary of Rules

- This nine (9) page document provides an illustrated summary of the new FWW Rules.
- History of the law and rulemaking.
- An overview of each of the major sections of the Rules.
- Available on the DEM FWW website soon.





SUMMARY OF NEW RIDEM FRESHWATER WETLAND RULES

RIDEM Freshwater Wetland Regulations – Fully in Effect July 1, 2022

The Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) promulgated new Freshwater Wetlands Rules that will be fully effective on July 1, 2022. The new Rules are referred to as the "Rules and Regulations Governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Freshwater Wetlands Act" and are referenced as 250-RICR-150-15-3 in the Rhode Island Code of Regulations. During the transition up to July 1, the existing rules (250-RICR-150-15-1) remain in place and applicable to all new applications filed before July 1, 2022.

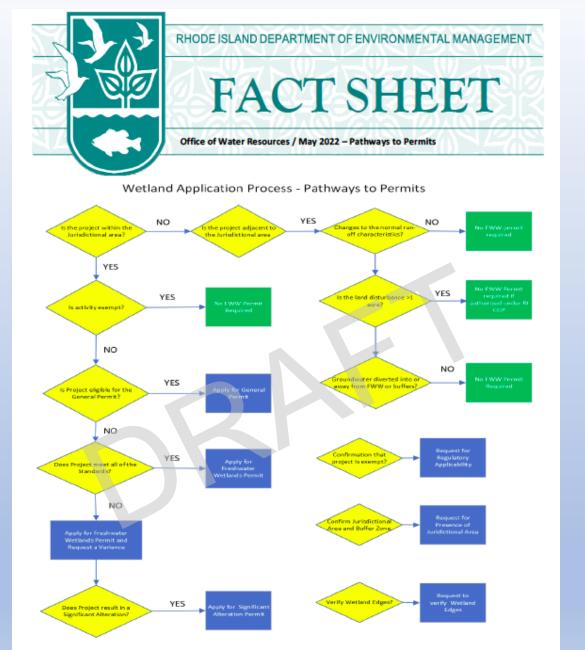
Background

Rhode Island's freshwater wetlands resources include its rivers, streams, lakes and ponds as well as swamps, marshes, bogs, and vernal pools. About sixteen percent (16%) of Rhode Island's land area consists of freshwater wetlands (including lakes and ponds) which are distributed throughout the state. In 2015, state law pertaining to freshwater wetlands (R.I. Gen. Laws §§ 2-1-18 through 2-1-28) was amended to strengthen the protection of freshwater wetland resources while streamlining the regulatory framework applicable to projects and activities proposed near wetlands. Implementation of the law required both the RI Department of Environmental Management (DEM) and the RI Coastal Resources Management Council (CRMC) to undertake rulemaking within their respective programs. The amended state law was based on the findings and recommendations of a Legislative Task Force (LTF) previously established by the Regulatory Reform Act (R.I. Gen. Laws § 42-64.13-10). The LTF was composed of a variety of stakeholders and charged with evaluating the adequacy of protection of Rhode Island freshwater wetlands considering both the state and municipal level, evaluating if gaps in that protection existed based on current scientific data and recommending changes in state law or regulations that could foster a business climate to grow the economy while ensuring better protection of our natural resources.

The amended state law acknowledged the important functions and values of freshwater wetlands and their buffers, the need to strengthen state wetland protection and the need to protect and regulate the areas adjacent to wetlands. The law also establishes a single set of wetland protection standards administered only at the state level. Key provisions of the new law include:

Strengthens wetland protection administered at the state level.

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Page 1 of 1

New Guidance Permitting Pathways



- Process flow chart of the FWW Permitting process
- Identifies which application should be filed based on common scenarios.
- Available on the DEM FWW website soon.

New Guidance Application Types

- Updated Factsheet describing different types of applications and when to use them.
 - NEW Request to Determine the Presence of Jurisdictional Area
 - Request to Verify Freshwater Wetland Edges
 - Request for Regulatory Applicability
 - NEW Application for a Freshwater Wetlands General Permit
 - NEW Application for a Freshwater Wetlands Permit
 - Application for a Significant Alteration
 - Application for Emergency Alterations
 - Application for Permit Renewal
 - Application for Permit Modification
 - Application for Permit Transfer



FRESHWATER WETLANDS APPLICATION TYPES

Introduction

The Department of Environmental Management's (DEM) Freshwater Wetlands Program has different types of applications. Each of the application types is geared to a very specific purpose. The type of application a property owner prepares depends upon what his or her objectives are. This Fact Sheet presents and briefly explains the purposes of each of the application types. Once you determine which application best suits your needs, you can find details about the submittal requirements in the Rules and Regulations Governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Freshwater Wetlands Act (250-RICR-150-15-3). DEM recommends that you, as the property owner and applicant, be familiar with the application requirements even if a professional consultant prepares the application package for you. Preapplication assistance is available from the DEM Office of Customer and Technical Assistance. Meetings can be scheduled by contacting Ron Gagnon at 401-222-4700, ext. 2777500, or Joseph Antonio, ext. 2774410.

I. Applications Related to Understanding Your Property

NEW Request to Determine the Presence of Jurisdictional Area (Rule 3.8.1(A)(1))

This application may be submitted to request that the Department determine if regulated freshwater wetlands or other jurisdictional areas are present on the applicant's property. The Department possesses the sole authority to determine which areas are deemed freshwater wetlands, buffers, floodplains, areas subject to storm flowage or areas subject to flooding. The purpose of the Request to Determine the Presence of Jurisdictional Area application is to learn from DEM whether there are Jurisdictional Area as defined in the Rules on your property. You, as the property owner, are required to submit an application form, property plan, and fee check (see Rule 3.9.2). The site plans must not include a proposed project. In response, you will receive a "determination" letter from DEM that identifies the types of Jurisdictional Area on your property, if any, and their approximate locations. This "determination" is valid for 5

Page I of 5

Update on General Permit



- ✓ Small group stakeholder meetings in May 2022
- ✓ Public Workshop mid- June 2022
- ✓ Public Notice July 1, 2022
- ✓ Public Comment Period July 1 August 15th, 2022
- ✓ Effective Date Projected to be September 1, 2022.

3.10 General Permits

- A. The Department may issue a general permit in accordance with the following:
 - 1. Scope. The general permit shall cover projects and activities as described in the permit within a jurisdictional area, as defined herein;
 - 2. Sources. The general permit shall regulate, within the scope described in § 3.10(A)(1) of this Part, projects or activities that:
 - a. Involve the same or substantially similar types and areas of alteration and impacts;
 - b. Occur only within the jurisdictional area identified in the general permit;
 - c. Involve similar land uses; and
 - d. In the opinion of the Department, are more appropriately authorized under a general permit than under individual Freshwater Wetlands Permits;
 - 3. The general permit shall define, identify and regulate specific eligible projects or activities that may be proposed within a jurisdictional area;
 - 4. General permits may be issued, modified, revoked, and reissued or terminated by the Department in accordance with applicable requirements of these Rules...;
 - 6. The contents of the application shall be specified in the general permit and shall require the submission of information necessary for adequate program implementation, including at a minimum, the legal name and address of the applicant, the location of the project site, and such other information the Director may reasonably require under § 3.8 of this Part.

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New Application Forms

Updated Forms for all Application Types will provide instruction with links to applicable Rules and Submission Requirements.

Highlights:

- New Fillable PDF format for most forms
- New Online Form format for General Permit
- Process
 - Submit FWW signed paper forms, fee, required plans and documents.
 - DIGITAL SIGNATURES will be accepted! Detailed instructions to follow.
 - Concurrent submission of Stormwater, WQC or OWTS forms, plans and documents, as needed.

Timeline:

- Finalize draft forms and internal review May 18, 2022.
- Close small group stakeholder review & comment period May 30, 2022.
- Forms available online by June 1, 2022.



RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEME OFFICE OF WATER RESOURCES

FRESHWATER WETLANDS PROGRAM

235 Promenade Street, Providence, Rhode Island 02908 Telephone: 401-222-6820; Rhode Island Relay 711

www.dem.ri.gov/wetlands

APPLICATION FOR A FRESHWATER WETLANDS PERMIT

AGENCY USE ONLY Date Stamp Here:

Application No.:

Purpose: Use this application form to request a Freshwater Wetlands Permit. Complete this form electronically (by entering information for each shaded area) then print and submit with all required documentation and fee to:

Permit Application Center (PAC)
Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management
235 Promenade Street, Room 260
Providence, RI 02908-5767

- Freshwater Rules available at: <u>250-RICR-150-15-3</u>
- Check or money order must be made payable to the Rhode Island General Treasurer.
- If a Stormwater Construction Permit (RIPDES CGP or GWD/UIC) or Water Quality Certification (WQC) Permit is required, this form must be submitted in addition.
- For applications that include a variance or significant alteration, see the second page of this form.

Providence, RI 02908-5767	anteration, see the second page of this form.
PART A - APPLICANT INFORMATION:	
Applicant's Name (see 250-RICR-150-15-3.8.3): <u>Note:</u> The applicant must be the owner of the property or easement whi power of condemnation over such property or easement.	ch is the subject of this application or must be the government agency or entity with
Applicant's Mailing Address: Street Number as	nd Name P.O. Box
	1.0.10
City/Town Applicant's Email Address:	State Zip Code Applicant's Phone Number:
PART B - PROPERTY LOCATION SUBJECT TO THIS APPLICATION:	
Street Number and Name (if applicable) If no Street Number	eer, Street Abutting Site City/Town Zip Code
Distance (in feet) and direction from site to nearest street intersection	n Nearest utility pole number(s)
Tax Assessor's Plat and Lot No(s):	
Recorded Plat and Lot No(s) (if Assessor's are not available):	
PART C - GENERAL INFORMATION: Any previous application(s) for this site? Any previous enforcement action(s) for this site? Yes No Are you proposing to alter any floodplain? Are you proposing to alter an area subject to storm flowage? Are you proposing to alter an area subject to flooding?	If yes, provide Application Number(s): If yes, provide File Number(s): Within which river buffer zone region is the site located? Click here to access the interactive map. Urban Region River Region 1 River Region 2
PART D - PAYMENT INFORMATION: Use the Fee Schedule in 250-RICR-150-15-3.8.9 to determine the fee for this application (i.e. Construction of New Single-Family Lot, no significant alteration - \$450): Project Type: Permit Fee: Check Number:	
fwwgenapp 05/03/22 www.dem.ri.gov	

Streamlining of Application Forms



• Companion Application Instructions will be created to supplement the application forms. These separate documents will include guidance and instructions to assist application preparers while minimizing the text on the application forms themselves.

- Separate application forms will be created for:
 - Administrative permits (permit renewal and transfer)
 - Pre-application determinations (request to determine presence of jurisdictional area, request to verify freshwater wetland edges)

Access

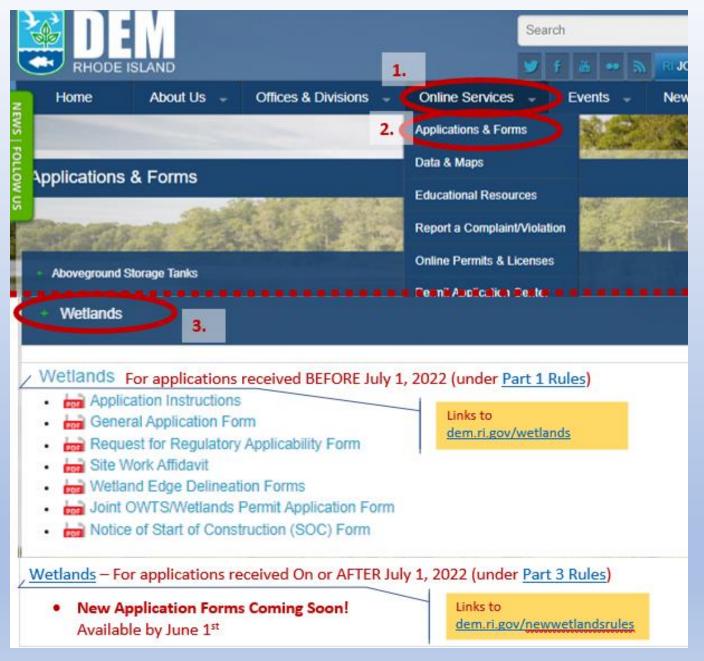
New Application Forms

at: www.dem.ri.gov

Select

- 1. Online Services
- 2. Applications & Forms
- 3. Wetlands

Or http://www.dem.ri.gov/documents/forms/index.php#wetlands





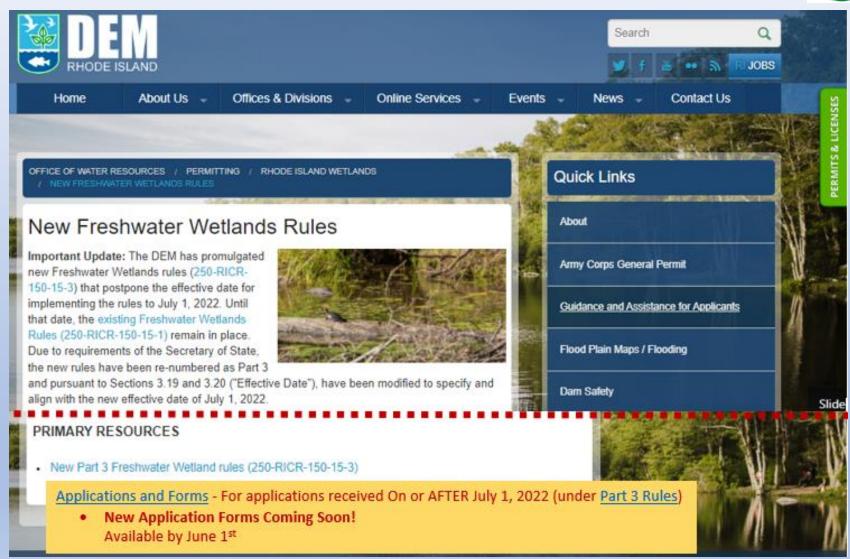
New Forms Available June 1st

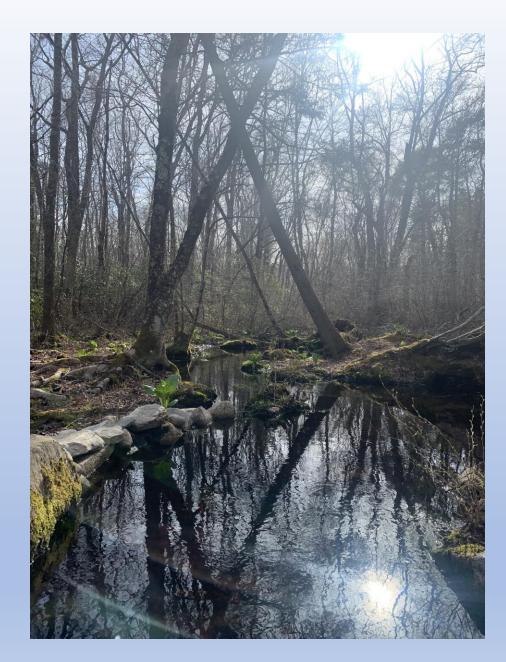


Access New
Application Forms
from New Freshwater
Wetlands Rules webpage
at:

www.dem.ri.gov/ Newwetlandsrules

Video tutorials will be also be added to the website to provide instructions on how to fill out the new forms.







Questions on Permitting Pathways, Application Types, or the General Permit?

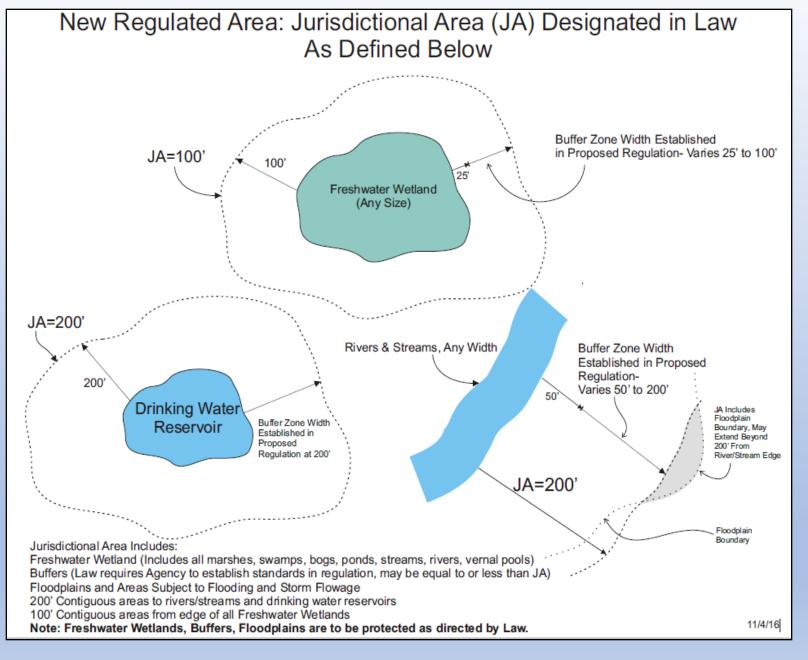


Jurisdictional Areas, Buffer Zones and Buffers

A brief review of the definitions followed by an introduction to some new available tools and real-world case studies.



- Jurisdictional Area area to be regulated includes freshwater wetlands, buffers, floodplains, areas subject to storm flowage (ASSF), areas subject to flooding (ASF), and contiguous areas that extend outward:
 - Two hundred feet (200') from the edge of a river or stream;
 - Two hundred feet (200') from the edge of a drinking water supply reservoir; and
 - One hundred feet (100') from the edge of all other freshwater wetlands (including ponds).

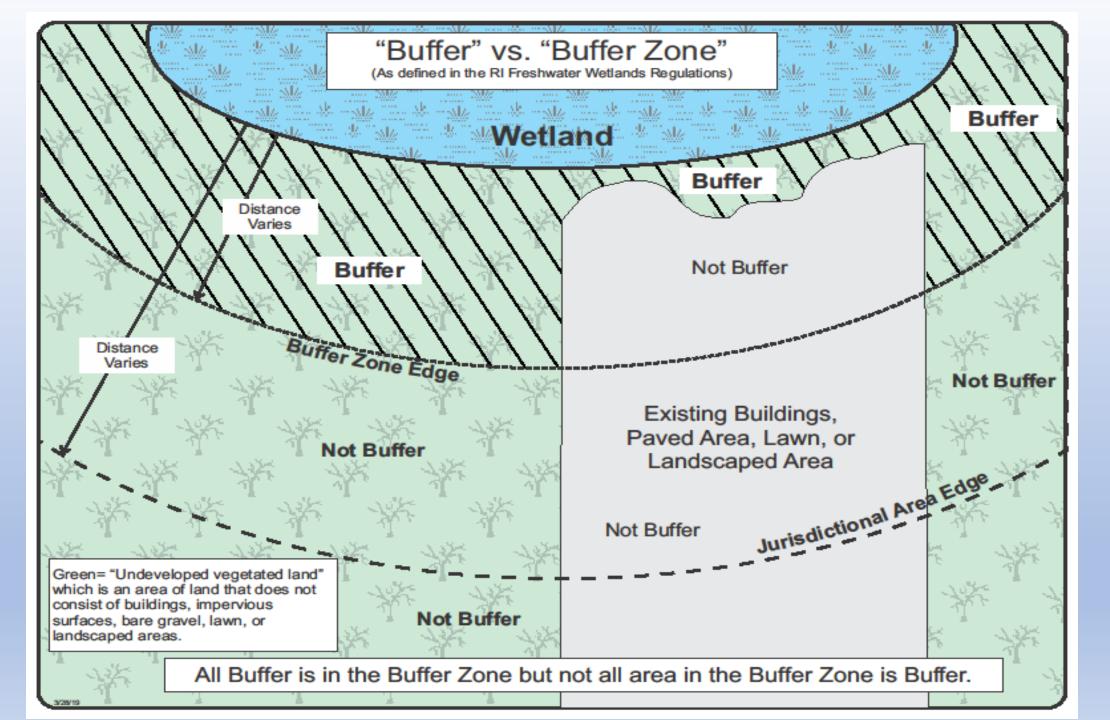






Buffer Zone

- Established in rule and designated for all freshwater wetland resources.
- Variable width that may include all of, but cannot extend further than, the "Jurisdictional Area" limit.
- A Buffer Zone does not always consist entirely of "buffer".
- Buffer standard (Rule 3.7.1) refers to avoiding alteration of "buffer" within the buffer zone and in some cases requiring creation of buffers.





Determining Buffer Zone



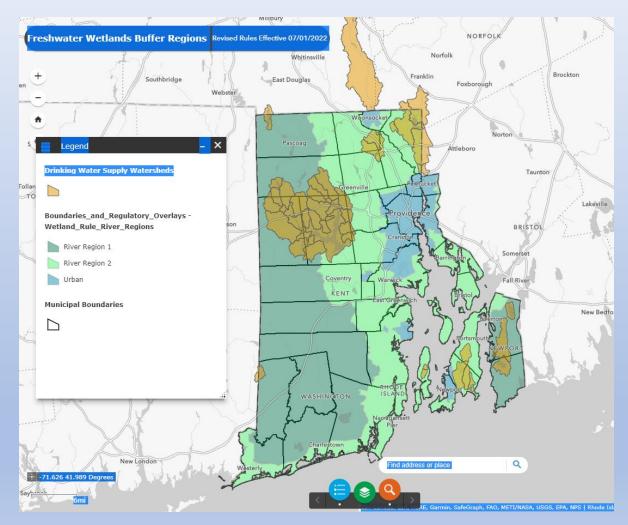
- Step 1: Determine what **Region** the property or project is in, as well as whether or not it is within the Watershed of a Drinking Water Supply Reservoir.
- Step 2: Determine presence of rare animal or plant species, or rare wetland type. This may affect size of buffer zone.
- Step 3: Determine wetland type, and applicable buffer zone Rule 3.23(H) & (I) including Tables.
 - May require determining size (for vegetated wetlands and ponds)
 - May require identification of specific segments (for rivers)
- Step 4: For vegetated wetland types only Determine if a different wetland type or sub-type is present 50 feet or less inward of the upland/wetland edge. This may affect size of buffer zone.

Online Tool to Assist in Identifying Buffer Zone Region



• Interactive Map of Freshwater Wetland Buffer Regions is available at:

https://ridemgis.map s.arcgis.com/apps/w ebappviewer/index. html?id=9a067e507 b514a5397cd1ea04 1f9ba0f



Buffer Zones for Rare Species or Rare Wetland Type



- Applicants advised to submit a "Request to Determine Presence of Jurisdictional Area" or "Request to Verify Freshwater Wetland Edges" – Let DEM make the call up front.
- Propose a Buffer Zone based on the needs of the identified species or wetland type (will require supporting documentation from a consulting biologist)...this may be adjusted by RIDEM.
- Design the project to remain outside of Jurisdictional Area limit...or at least outside of all "buffer".





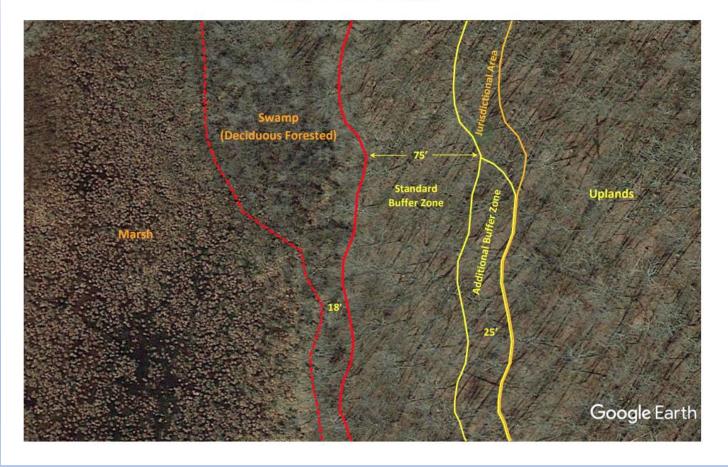


Additional 25' added to Buffer Zone



• Rule 3.23(F)(2): An additional 25' will be added to the buffer zone width when one or more differing FWW types or subtypes are present within 50' inward of the FWW edge, but in no case will a buffer zone exceed the jurisdictional area.

Hypothetical Buffer Zone Assignment for Two Wetland Types Located Within 50 feet of a Delineated Wetland Edge in River Protection Region 2



Guidelines for Determining Wetland Connections Across Barriers for Purposes of Determining Size of Wetland units



- To identify the appropriate buffer designation, the size of the wetland in question must be determined.
- Straight-forward for unfragmented wetland units.
- For fragmented wetlands, must determine if wetland units on either side of a barrier are considered one wetland unit or two independent units.
- Barriers may be physical/manmade (e.g. roadway crossings) or natural (watercourse channels or narrow upland areas)



Man-Made Barriers



- 1. Wetland units separated by barriers such as **four-lane highways**, **Interstate highways or other similar barriers of 50 feet or greater in width** (measured toe-of-slope to toe-of-slope) will be considered connected if the **barrier spans the entirety of the wetland with a bridge**.
- 2. Wetland units separated by barriers less than 50-feet wide such as two-lane roadways, railways, driveways, bike paths or buildings will be considered connected if the wetland units are connected by bridges and/or culverts of any size, with wetlands on either side of the road exhibiting similar hydrological characteristics.
- 3. Wetland units separated by unpaved cart paths, fire lanes, farm lanes, forestry roads, utility access roads, stone walls or similar features equal or less than 10-feet in width will be considered connected regardless of whether a culvert is present.
- 4. Wetland units separated by a man-made dam will not be considered connected.

Natural Barriers



- 1. Wetland units separated by **upland areas with no surface water connection will not be considered connected as the same unit**, regardless of the distance of separation.
- 2. Wetland units connected **only by an Area Subject to Storm Flowage** will be considered connected **if separated by a distance of 10 feet or less.**
- 3. Wetland units connected **only by an open water body, river or stream channel** will be considered connected as one **unit if separated by a distance of less than 50 feet**.
- 4. Wetland units separated by beaver dams will be considered connected.





Questions on Jurisdictional Area, Buffer Zones or Buffers?



Online Tool Demo and Case Studies

Questions?





http://www.dem.ri.gov/newwetlandsrules

Please see the chat for a link to submit a question on the Rules and a link to a short survey for feedback on this presentation.